Construction Permit Application Project Columbia

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New-Indy Catawba LLC Catawba, South Carolina





New-Indy Catawba LLC Catawba, South Carolina Project Columbia

1.0 Introduction

New-Indy Catawba LLC (New-Indy) operates a pulp and paper mill located in Catawba, South Carolina. On December 31, 2018 New-Indy Containerboard acquired the Catawba Mill from Resolute Forest Products (Resolute). New-Indy plans to convert the Catawba Mill from bleached paper grades (lightweight coated paper and market pulp) to manufacturing unbleached or brown paper (linerboard and market pulp). New-Indy refers to this investment as Project Columbia.

2.0 Project Description

Project Columbia features the conversion of the Kraft Fiberline from manufacturing bleached paper grades to unbleached paper grades. The project includes converting the No. 3 Coated Paper Machine to manufacture linerboard and the Pulp Dryer to process unbleached pulp. The project also includes retiring the Bleach Plant, Chlorine Dioxide Plant, TMP Process, No. 1 Paper Machine, No. 2 Coater and the No. 1 Power Boiler. A detailed description of the changes to each Title V emission unit is provided below.

2.1 Woodyard Area (EU ID 01)

No changes are planned for the Woodyard Area. Project Columbia may slightly increase the total throughput.

2.2 Kraft Process - Kraft Pulp Mill (EU ID 02)

The Kraft Pulp Mill currently products virgin fiber suitable for brightening (bleaching) to manufacture lightweight coated paper and market pulp. Project Columbia will convert the Kraft pulping equipment to manufacture virgin fiber suitable for manufacturing unbleached linerboard. The virgin pulp yield will be increased by tripling the Kappa from less than 30 for beached pulp to over 90 for unbleached pulp. The higher Kappa will produce more tons of virgin pulp using the same amount of raw materials (wood and cooking liquor). The change in pulp will also shorten the cook time in the continuous digester, further increasing production of virgin pulp.

The six (6) existing washers and associated filtrate tanks in the oxygen delignification and bleaching systems will be repurposed to create two parallel three-stage brownstock washers. New refiners and screw presses will be installed to facilitate processing the higher Kappa pulp. The existing knotters, screens, thickeners, blow tubes and reactors will be retired in place.

2.3 Kraft Process – Bleach Plant (EU ID 03)

The Bleach Plant currently brightens virgin fiber supplied by the Kraft Pulp Mill suitable for manufacturing lightweight coated paper and market pulp. Project Columbia will eliminate the need for bleaching the virgin fiber. The existing bleaching reactors and towers will be retired in place. The bleach

New-Indy Catawba LLC Catawba, South Carolina Project Columbia

plant washers and associated filtrate tanks will be repurposed to become brownstock washers in the Kraft Pulp Mill.

2.4 Kraft Process – Chlorine Dioxide Plant (EU ID 04)

The Chlorine Dioxide Plant supplies the primary bleaching chemical chlorine dioxide to the Bleach Plant. Project Columbia will eliminate the need to produce the bleaching chemical. The Chlorine Dioxide Plant will be retired in place following conversion of the Kraft Pulp Mill to unbleached virging fiber.

2.5 TMP Process (EU ID 05)

The TMP Process produces mechanical pulp for lightweight coated paper manufacturing. Linerboard and market pulp do not use TMP pulp. The TMP Process will be retired in place following conversion of the No. 3 Paper Machine and the Pulp Dryer. The pulp storage tanks assigned to TMP (EU ID 12 and insignificant sources) will remain serviceable for storing Kraft pulp.

2.6 Paper Mill (EU ID 06)

The No. 3 Paper Machine will be reconfigured to produce linerboard. The changes include modifications to the stock cleaning system, stock refining system, stock screening systems, whitewater system, headbox, forming wire, vacuum system and machine pulpers, adding a new dryer section, and replacing the winder. The two-sided rod coating system, coating preparation system, coating tanks, air flotation dryer, infrared dryer and hot oil heating system will be retired and removed.

The Pulp Dryer will be reconfigured to support manufacturing unbleached market pulp. The changes include repurposing the stock cleaning, refining and screening systems from the No. 1 Paper Machine, which will be retired. The No. 2 Paper Machine will remain operational and may be used to produce an uncoated lightweight brown sheet. It should be noted the combined capacity of the No. 2 paper machine, No. 3 paper machine and the pulp dryer far exceeds the capacity of the Kraft pulp mill. The two paper machines and pulp dryer will be operated according to market demands for the different products each produces.

The No. 1 Paper Machine will be retired in place, with the exception of the repurposed stock cleaning and screening systems. The No. 1 Coater Dryer, No. 2 Coater Dryer, and starch system will be retired in place.

2.7 Chemical Recovery (EU ID 07)

The No. 1 Evaporator Set will be modified to increase the evaporation rate to account for the reduction in the solids content of the weak black liquor from the repurposed washers. The No. 1 evaporator set piping will be reconfigured to allow operation as a five-effect system. No modifications to the No. No.2 and No. 3 Evaporator Sets, No. 2 and No. 3 Recovery Furnaces, No.2 and No. 3 Smelt Dissolving Tanks, No. 2 Lime Kiln or Causticizing Area are necessary to support the conversion to unbleached pulp

New-Indy Catawba LLC Catawba, South Carolina Project Columbia

production. Following the conversion to brown pulp, the Catawba Mill anticipates the cooking liquor cycle and black liquor solids generation to remain below historical operating levels and existing equipment capacities.

2.8 Utilities (EU ID 08)

The proposed project is expected to reduce the overall mill steam demand due to the improved thermal efficiency of the Kraft Pulp Mill and retirement of the Bleach Plant. The reduction in mill steam demand will result in the retirement of the No. 1 Power Boiler.

2.9 Waste Treatment (EU ID 9)

There are no physical changes planned to the waste treatment system. The volume of wastewater is expected to be reduced by approximately 50% following the conversion to unbleached pulp. The methanol loading in the foul condensate is also expected to be approximately one-half the current level following the conversion to unbleached pulp.

2.10 Storage Tanks (EU ID 10)

The methanol tank is located in the Chlorine Dioxide Plant and will be retired from methanol service following conversion to unbleached pulp. This tank may be repurposed for another use in the future.

2.11 Miscellaneous (EU ID 11)

There are no physical changes planned to the landfill, roads, and material usage.

2.12 HD Pulp Storage Tanks (EU ID 12)

The HD pulp storage tanks will store unbleached pulp following the conversion. The pumps and piping will be modified to better support unbleached pulp and re-direct pulp from the No. 1 Paper Machine to the remaining paper machines and the pulp dryer. The agitators inside these storage tanks will also be replaced or rebuilt. The No. 4 HD storage tank will be repurposed as an LD storage tank.

3.0 Emission Calculations

The emissions from each emission unit are calculated using published emission factors from NCASI or the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), unless more representative stack test data were available. The calculation methods are described below, and detailed citations for each emission factor are provided with the calculations in Attachments B, C and D.

3.1 Kraft Pulp Mill

The emissions from the Kraft pulp mill are calculated using representative emission factors published by NCASI. The published emission factors for each equipment type in the pulp mill are used to determine

New-Indy Catawba LLC Catawba, South Carolina Project Columbia

the total emissions. This includes emissions from the digester system, brownstock washer system, No. 1 evaporator set, condensate stripper system and wastewater treatment system.

The published NCASI emission factors have been adjusted to account for changing from manufacturing bleached pulp with a Kappa less than 30 to unbleached pulp with a Kappa exceeding 90 based on additional information published by NCASI. These emission factors and the basis of all adjustments to the emission factors are presented in Attachment C.

3.2 Paper Machines and Pulp Dryer

The emissions from the paper machines and the pulp dryer are calculated using representative emission factors published by NCASI. The published NCASI emission factors include paper machines producing coated paper and linerboard. The published NCASI emission factors for linerboard machines also include emission factors for selected compounds at mills with low whitewater methanol concentrations less than 50 ppmv. The Catawba Mill whitewater methanol concentration is expected to be less than 50 ppmv following the conversion to linerboard.

The Title V emission factors for estimating particulate matter emissions from paper machines have been updated using published NCASI emission factors for coated paper manufacturing and linerboard. The NCASI emission factors for linerboard and updated particulate matter emission factors are presented in Attachment D.

3.10 Other Sources

The emissions from the woodyard bleach plant, chlorine dioxide plant, TMP process, No.1 coater dryer, No. 2 coater dryer, and No. 1 power boiler are based on emission factors in the Title V Renewal Application. The emission factors for pulp storage tanks are expressed as pounds per hour per tank and do not change due to Project Columbia.

4.0 Regulatory Applicability

4.1 South Carolina Regulation 61-62.5, Standard No. 2,—Ambient Air Quality Standards

Standard No. 2 regulates maintenance of the national ambient air quality standards. New-Indy has reviewed the Department modeling guidance entitled "Guidance Concerning Other Information Used for Permitting Requirements in Demonstrating Emissions Do Not Interfere With Attainment or Maintenance of any State or Federal Standard" (February 28, 2017). Per the guidance, "a project involving a net facility-wide emissions decrease for a pollutant satisfies permitting review requirements. The netting calculation must be applied on a pollutant by pollutant basis. Facility-wide emission decreases, expressed in tons per year, could be calculated using current allowable to future allowable emissions or the netting methodologies in the PSD regulation."

New-Indy has compared the current allowable emissions to the future allowable emissions in Table 1 below and determined the proposed project will result in a net decrease in allowable emissions, expressed in tons per year, for all criteria pollutants. New-Indy believes this demonstrates the project will not interfere with attainment or maintenance of State or Federal Standards following the guidance of the Department.

4.2 South Carolina Regulation 61-62.5, Standard No. 3 – Waste Combustion and Reduction

Standard No. 3 applies to any source which burns any waste other than virgin fuels for any purpose. The standard contains various exemptions for the pulp and paper source category. Section I.J.1 specifies that gaseous process streams containing TRS compounds that are regulated in accordance with Section XI of Regulation 61-62.5, Standard No. 4, are not subject to Standard No. 3. Since the NCG and SOG are gaseous process streams containing TRS that are regulated in accordance with Standard No. 4 or NSPS Subpart BB/BBa (see below), combustion of those gases in the No.1 and No.2 Combination Boilers is not subject to Standard No. 3.

4.3 South Carolina Regulation 61-62.5, Standard No. 4 - Emissions from Process Industries

Standard No. 4 regulates emissions for specific types of industries. Emission limits for particulate matter under Section VIII are calculated using process weight based equations as follows:

For process weights up to thirty (30) tops per hour

$$E = (F) 4.10 P^{0.67}$$

For process weights greater than thirty tons per hour:

$$E = (F) (55.0 P^{0.11} - 40)$$

Where:

E = the applicable emission rate in pounds per hour

F = the affect factor from Table B of the rule

P = the process weight in tons per hour

Under Section IX, Visible emissions from sources not otherwise specified in the regulation are limited to no greater than 40 percent for unit that began construction or modification on or before December 31, 1985. Where construction or modification began following that date, visible emissions are limited to no more than 20%.

Section XI regulates emissions for Total Reduced Sulfur (TRS) from Kraft Pulp Mills where construction or modification commenced prior to September 24, 1976 from recovery furnaces, digester systems, multiple-effect evaporator systems, lime kilns and condensate stripper systems. The TRS emissions from the modified digester system, No. 1 evaporator set and condensate stripper system are subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart BB.

Table 1
Comparison of Current Allowable and Future Allowable Emission Rates

TITLE V PERMIT - M	AXMUM FACI	LITY-WIDE E	MISSION RA	TES (TONS I	PER YEAR)		
SOURCE	PM	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	NO _x	CO	Lead
WOODYARD	105.00	15.75	1.05	-	-	-	-
KRAFT MILL NCG SYSTEM A		N -	()	3,363.93	239.07	39.22	N =
BLEACH PLANT		92 -3	1 -	-	5-0	256.40	92 -5
NO. 1 PAPER MACHINE + NO. 1 COATER	3.61	4.08	2.91	11.06	31.15	17.66	25-1
NO. 2 PAPER MACHINE + NO. 2 COATER	4.91	5.53	3.98	14.74	41.53	23.55	N=
NO. 3 PAPER MACHINE + COATER	4.21	4.67	3.51	10.99	30.95	17.55	<u></u>
PULP DRYER	0.86	0.86	0.86	-		1-	A
PM STARCH SILOS	1.73	1.05	0.40	-	-		V-)
NO. 2 RECOVERY FURNACE	76.24	54.22	42.55	3,465.81	494.06	249.31	0,04
NO. 3 RECOVERY FURNACE	137.35	97.97	76.34	3,465.81	536.11	450.48	0.04
NO. 2 SMELT TANK	30.91	33.38	33.38	1.24	4.12	1.65	
NO. 3 SMELT TANK	58.55	60.31	60.31	2.23	7.45	2.98	-
NO. 2 LIME KILN	7.64	9.80	8.16	2.55	179.91	10.86	-
CAUSTICZING AREA	7.65	5.89	2.81	2.00	10.01		100-0
NO. 1 POWER BOILER	225.62	175.36	131.87	3,292,52	469.36	137.97	0.04
NO. 1 COMBINATION BOILER	298.75	250.68	221.49	3,773.88	\$38.00	1,030.18	7.10
NO. 2 COMBINATION BOILER	519.95	420.98	372.99	6,739.07	960.70	1,308.76	7.10
PM AIR MAKEUP UNITS	1.22	4.28	4.28	0.33	79.47	46.47	7.10
ROADS	459.79	91.96	22.57	0.50		- 40.47	1,000
LANDFILL	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF					72	9 55
	44.50	12.68	1.27		40.40	774	59 <u>44</u>
INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES	2.53	2.53	2.53	2.36	18.46	7.74	44.00
TITLE V MAXEMISSIONS	1,991.02	1,251.98	993.26	2 4,146.52	3,630.34	3,600.78	14.32
PROJECT COLUMBIA PERMIT AP	-						
SOURCE	PM	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	NO _x	CO	Lead
WOODYARD	105.00	15.75	1.05	-	-	_	59-2
KRAFT MILL NCG SYSTEM A	1-	\	322	4,976.78	209.90	35.85	
BLEACH PLANT	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>	0.00	-
NO. 1 PAPER MACHINE + NO. 1 COATER	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9000
NO. 2 PAPER MACHINE + NO. 2 COATER	9.16	9.16	7.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	25
NO. 3 PAPER MACHINE + COATER	38.33	38.33	32.85	0,00	0.00	0.00	
PULP DRYER	10.37	10.37	8.89	-	V -)		
PM STARCH SILOS	0.00	0.00	0.00	-/		_	_
NO. 2 RECOVERY FURNACE	76.24	54.22	42.55	3,465.81	494.06	249.31	0.04
NO. 3 RECOVERY FURNACE	137.35	97.97	76.34	3,465.81	536.11	450.48	0.04
NO. 2 SMELT TANK	30.91	33.38	33.38	1.24	4.12	1.65	95
NO. 3 SMELT TANK	58.55	60.31	60.31	2.23	7.45	2.98) N=
NO. 2 LIME KILN	7.64	9.80	8.16	2.55	179.91	10.86) (<u>)</u>
CAUSTICZING AREA	7.65	5.89	2.81	-		. - 0	N-
NO. 1 POWER BOILER	0.00	0.00	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
NO 1 COMBINATION BOILER	298.75	250.68	221.49	3,773.88	538.00	1,030.18	7.10
NO. 2 COMBINATION BOILER	519.95	420.98	372.99	6,739.07	960.70	1,308.76	7.10
							38
PM AIR MAKEUP UNITS	1.22	4.28	4.28	0.33	79.47	46.47	102
PM AIR MAKEUP UNITS ROADS	1.22 459.79	4.28 91.96	4.28 22.57	0.33	79.47 	46.47) -
	D 19/30/2005 11		77777		200000000000000000000000000000000000000		36
ROADS	459.79	91.96	22.57	-		-0) -
ROADS	459.79 44.50	91.96 12.68	22.57 1.27	-	-	- -) -
ROADS LANDFILL INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES	459.79 44.50 2.53 1,807.94	91.96 12.68 2.53 1,118.29	22.57 1.27 2.53 899.32	2.36 22,430.06	 18.46 3,028.18	- - 7.74	15 -
ROADS LANDFILL INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES PROJECT COLUMBIA MAX EMISSIONS	459.79 44.50 2.53 1,807.94	91.96 12.68 2.53 1,118.29	22.57 1.27 2.53 899.32	2.36 22,430.06	 18.46 3,028.18	- - 7.74	15 -
ROADS LANDFILL INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES PROJECT COLUMBIA MAX EMISSIONS CHANGE IN MAX	459.79 44.50 2.53 1,807.94 IMUM FACILIT	91.96 12.68 2.53 1,118.29 Y-WIDE EMI	22.57 1.27 2.53 899.32 SSION RATE	- 2.36 22,430.06 S (TONS PER	 18.46 3,028.18 R YEAR)	- 7.74 3,144.28	- - - 14.28
ROADS LANDFILL INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES PROJECT COLUMBIA MAX EMISSIONS CHANGE IN MAX SOURCE	459.79 44.50 2.53 1,807.94 IMUM FACILIT PM	91.96 12.68 2.53 1,118.29 Y-WIDE EMIS	22.57 1.27 2.53 899.32 SSION RATE PM _{2.5}	2.36 22,430.06 S (TONS PER	 18.46 3,028.18 R YEAR) NO _x	- 7.74 3,144.28	- - 14.28

A - SO2 emissions based on BACT emission limit (10.1 lb/ton) and maximum permitted production.

New-Indy Catawba LLC Catawba, South Carolina Project Columbia

The modified No. 3 paper machine will be subject to the Section VIII particulate emission limit of 52.5 pounds per hour and the section IX opacity limit of 20%. The modified pulp dryer will be subject to the Section VIII particulate emission limit of 41.0 pounds per hour and the section IX opacity limit of 20%.

4.4 South Carolina Regulation 61-62.5, Standard No. 7 – Prevention of Significant Deterioration Permit Requirements

Standard No. 7 applies to construction of a new major stationary source or a "project" conducted at an existing major stationary source located in an area designated as attainment or unclassifiable in 40 CFR 81.341. The New-Indy Catawba Mill is considered a major stationary source because it emits or has the potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of a regulated New Source Review (NSR) pollutant as defined in SC Reg. 61-62.5, Standard No. 7. The Catawba Mill is located in York County, which is classified as attainment or unclassifiable for all pollutants. Because it includes physical changes to the Mill, Project Columbia is a "project" as defined in Standard No. 7(b)(40).

The Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) permit requirements of paragraphs (j) though (r) of Standard No. 7 apply to new major stationary sources or "major modifications" to existing major stationary sources. As specified in Standard No. 7(a)(2)(iv)(a), a project is considered a "major modification" if it causes two types of emissions increases—a "significant emission increase" (as defined in Standard No. 7(b)(50)) and a "significant net emission increase" (as defined in Standard No. 7(b)(49) and (b)(34)).

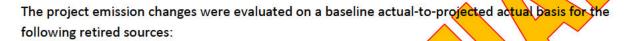
Per Standard No. 7(a)(2)(iv)(a) and (b), determining applicability is a two-step process. The first step determines whether the project will cause a "significant emission increase." If the project does not cause a "significant emission increase" for any NSR-regulated pollutant, the project is not a major modification. If the first step shows that the project causes a "significant emission increase" for any NSR regulated pollutant, the process moves to the second step for that pollutant. The second step determines whether the project will cause a "significant net emission increase." As noted above, a project is considered a "major modification" and subject to Standard No. 7 paragraphs (j) through (r) only if it causes BOTH a "significant emission increase" and a "significant net emission increase."

4.4.1 Step 1—Significant Emission Increase

Step 1 of the applicability analysis determines whether the project will cause a "significant emission increase," which is sometimes called a "project-related emission increase" since it looks at only the project itself. New-Indy used the actual-to-projected actual applicability test of Standard No. 7(a)(2)(c) to determine whether Project Columbia would cause a "significant emission increase" of any NSR-regulated pollutant.

The project emission changes were evaluated on a baseline actual-to-projected actual basis for the following modified or affected sources:

- Kraft Pulp Mill modified source
- No. 1 Evaporator Set modified source
- No. 3 Paper Machine modified source
- Pulp Dryer modified source
- Woodyard affected source
- Wastewater Treatment System affected source



- Bleach Plant
- Chlorine Dioxide Plant
- No. 1 Paper Machine
- No. 1 Coater Dryer
- No. 2 Coater Dryer
- TMP Process
- No. 1 Power Boiler

4.4.1.1 Baseline Actual Emissions

Per Standard No. 7(b)(4)(ii) "baseline actual emissions" are the rate of emissions, in tpy, at which an emission unit actually emitted during any consecutive 24-month period selected by the owner or operator within the 10-year period immediately preceding either the date construction of the project begins or the date a complete permit application for the project is received by DHEC. The consecutive 24-month baseline period that New-Indy selected for the existing emission units for each pollutant is January 2010 through December 2011. The baseline production rates are presented in Attachment E. New-Indy selected the same baseline period for all pollutants to simplify the PSD applicability analysis, although Standard No. 7(b)(4)(ii)(d) allows New-Indy to select a different 24-month baseline period for each pollutants.

As required under (b)(4)(ii)(c), the baseline emissions must exclude any emissions that would have exceeded any current emission limitation. The No. 1 power boiler is currently meets the definition of a limited-use boiler under 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDDD and is restricted to an annual capacity factor of ten percent (10%). The design heat input capacity of the No. 1 power boiler is 342 mmBtu/hr when firing No. 6 fuel oil, or 2,280 gallons per hour. The baseline emissions are limited to no more than 876 hours at design capacity, or no more than 1,997,280 gallons per year of No. 6 fuel oil. The average annual No. 6 fuel oil consumption during the baseline was 991,744 gallons per year, or approximately five percent (5%) of design capacity. The design heat input capacity of the No. 1 power boiler is 375

New-Indy Catawba LLC Catawba, South Carolina Project Columbia

mmBtu/hr when firing natural gas. The baseline emissions are limited to no more than 876 hours at design capacity, or no more than 328,500 mmBtu per year of natural gas. The average annual natural gas consumption during the baseline was 27,626 mmBtu, or approximately one percent (1%) of design capacity. Therefore, the No. 1 power boiler actual emissions during the baseline period require no adjustments.

4.4.1.2. Projected Actual Emissions

"Projected actual emissions" are the maximum annual rate, in tpy, at which an existing emission unit is projected to emit in any of the of five (5) years following the date the unit resumes regular operation after a project, or in any one of the ten (10) years following that date, if the project involves an increase in the unit's design capacity or PTE and full utilization would result in a significant emission increase or significant net emission increase. The projected actual emissions for Project Columbia were determined in accordance with Standard No. 7(b)(41)(i) and (ii)(a), and consider all relevant information, including "the company's own representations", "the company's filings with the State and Federal regulatory authorities", and "compliance plans approved under the State Implementation Plan".

As specified in Standard No. 7(b)(41)(ii)(c), when determining project-related emissions increases, emissions that the existing emission units "could have accommodated" during the baseline period are excluded from the projected actual emissions. In this application, New-Indy has not excluded the emissions which "could have been accommodated" to simplify the PSD applicability analysis, although Standard No. 7(b)(41)(ii)(c) allows New-Indy to exclude these emissions from the projected actual emissions.

The projected actual emissions for the No. 2 and No. 3 paper machine and the pulp dryer assume there is an unlimited supply of Kraft pulp to supply all three machines. This approach was followed to maximize operational flexibility; in reality sufficient pulp will exist to operate only two of the three machines at any one time:

4.4.1.3. Creditable Project-Related Emission Decreases

For Project Columbia, the existing Bleach plant, chloring dioxide plant TMP Process, No. 1 paper machine, No.1 coater dryer, No. 2 coater dryer, and No. 1 power boiler will be permanently removed from service and the operating permits voided, making these emission decreases creditable. As provided for under Standard No. 7(b)(34)(viii), these sources will be permanently retired after the Kraft pulp mill begins manufacturing unbleached pulp for production of linerboard on the No. 3 paper machine, which is defined in (b)(34)(viii) as following a reasonable shakedown period of 180 days.

4.4.1.4. Step 1 Significant Emission Increase Calculation

As noted above, New-Indy used the actual-to-projected actual applicability test of Standard No. 7(a)(2)(c). As such, a "significant emissions increase" is projected to occur if the difference between the

"projected actual emissions" and the "baseline actual emissions" for each existing emissions unit equals or exceeds the significant amount for that pollutant.

The following formula was used for calculating the project-related emissions increase:

SEI = PAE - BAE - RET

where: SEI = significant emission increase

PAE = projected actual emissions (modified and affected sources)

BAE = baseline actual emissions (modified and affected sources)

RET = retired emissions (existing sources)

In determining whether the project-related emissions increase was a significant emission increase, the emission reductions associated with retirement of the bleach plant, No.1 paper machine, No. 1 and No. 2 coater dryers, TMP process, and No. 1 power boiler were included in Step 1. This approach is consistent with the USEPA policy memorandum "Project Emissions Accounting Under the New Source Review Preconstruction Permitting Program" issued on March 13, 2018.

4.4.3. Greenhouse Gases

PSD applicability for greenhouse gases (GHG) in South Carolina is based on the June 3, 2010 EPA Tailoring Rule. The South Carolina General Assembly granted SCDHEC the authority to implement the EPA Tailoring Rule in the Fall of 2010.

PSD is triggered for GHGs if the CO₂ equivalent (CO₂e) emissions increase from a project is 75,000 tons per year or more and PSD is also triggered for another regulated compound. As shown above, PSD is not triggered for any compound other than CO2e; therefore, PSD cannot be triggered by the proposed project. For completeness; however, the PSD applicability evaluation includes emissions calculations for CO2e using the same formula presented in section 4.2.2.

4.4.4 PSD Non-Applicability

The changes in emissions from the facility as a result of Project Columbia were compared to the significant emission rates in Standard No. 7(b)(49). Based on the emission calculations described above, presented in Attachments B, C, D and E, and summarized in Table 2 and Table 3, Project Columbia is not subject to the PSD permitting requirements in paragraphs (j) though (r) of Standard No. 7.

Table 2 Baseline Actual Emissions

				Dusci	iiic / tetaai	EIIIISSIONS	•	***				
		VOC	CO	NO _X	SO ₂	TSP	PM ₁₀	PM _{2/5}	TRS	H25	Lead	CO ₂ e
		emissions	emissions	emissions	emissions	emissions	emissions	emissions	emissions	emissions	emissions	emissions
Emission Unit	Basis	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpx	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy
BASELINE ACTUAL EMISSIONS (BAE) -	JANUARY	2010 through [DECEMBER 201	11								
Kraft Mill NCG System ^A	Modified	68.89	20.48	202.11	1,910.12				17.55	3.89		
Kraft Mill Bleach Plant ^B	Retired	72.22	238.07						18			
CIO2 Plant ^B	Retired	0.32										
No. 1 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Retired	22.43				7.01	7.81	6.31				
No. 2 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Modified	36.11				11.29	11.29	10.16				
No. 2 Paper Machine - Brown Paper ^{C,D}	Modified	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
No. 3 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Modified	53.63				16.76	16.76	15.08	1.			
No. 3 Paper Machine - Linerboard ^{C,D}	Modified	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
Pulp Dryer - Bleached ^{B,C}	Modified	23.87				11.93	11.93	10.74	1.18			
Pulp Dryer - Unbleached ^{C,D}	Modified	0.00				0.00	9.00	0.00	0.00			
No. 1 Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired	0.45	6.82	8.12	0.05	0.62	0.62	0.62	1.		0.00	9,514
No. 2 Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired	0.73	11.17	13,29	0.08	1.01	1.01	1.01			0.00	15,576
No. 3 On-Machine Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired	0.77	11.80	14,04	80,08	1.07	1.07	1.07			0.00	16,453
TMP ^B	Retired	236.80										
Woodyard ^B	affected	3.88				97.01	14.55	0.97				
Power Boiler - Natural Gas ^B	Retired	0.08	1/16	3,87	0.01	0.10	0.10	0.10			0.00	1,618
Power Boiler - No. 6 Oil ^E	Retired	0.38	2.48	23.31	147.92	11.02	8.05	6.07			0.00	12,373
Wastewater System ^F	affected	529.35							129.52	5.91		
TOTAL BASELINE EMISSIONS		1,049.9	292.0	264.7	2,058.3	157.8	72.4	52.1	149.4	9.8	0.00	55,535

A - see 'Catawba NCG Factors' tab for development of emission factors.



B - see Title V Permit Renewal Inventory.

C - see 'UPDATED Paper Mach PM Factor' tab for development of emission factors.

D - see 'Linerboard VOC_TRS Factors' tab for development of emission factors.

E - AP-42 emission factors based on 2012 average #6.fuel oil sulfur content of 1.90%. CY2012 is the earliest year available.

F - see 'WWTP Emission Factors' tab for development of emission factors.

Table 3
Projected Actual Emissions and Net Emissions Increase

2												
		VOC	CO	NO _X	SO ₂	TSP	PM ₁₀	RM _{2.5}	TRS	V H₂S	Lead	CO ₂ e
		emissions	emissions	emissions	emissions	emissions	emissions	emissions	emissions	emissions	emissions	emissions
Emission Unit	Basis	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy /	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy
PROJECTED ACTUAL EMISSIONS (PAE)				. respect s							
Kraft Mill NCG System ^A	Modified	65.83	35.85	209.90	2,049.06				18.79	4.31		
Kraft Mill Bleach Plant ^B	Retired	0.00	0.00						0.00			
CIO2 Plant ^B	Retired	0.00										
No. 1 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Retired	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00				
No. 2 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Modified	0.00				6.00	0.00	0.00				
No. 2 Paper Machine - Brown Paper ^{C,D}	Modified	82.41				9.16	9.16	7.85	3.27			
No. 3 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Modified	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00				
No. 3 Paper Machine - Linerboard ^{C,D}	Modified	344.94				38.33	38.33	32.85	13.69			
Pulp Dryer - Bleached ^{B,C}	Modified	0.00				0.00	9.00	0.00	0.00			
Pulp Dryer - Unbleached ^{C,D}	Modified	93.34				10.37	10.37	8.89	3.70			
No. 1 Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0
No. 2 Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired	0.00	0.00	6.00	8,00	0.00	0.00	0.00	· 2		0.00	0
No. 3 On-Machine Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0
TMP ^B	Retired	0.00										
Woodyard ^B	affected	4.20				105.00	15.75	1.05				
Power Boiler - Natural Gas ^B	Retired	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0
Power Boiler - No. 6 Oil ^E	Retired	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0
Wastewater System ^F	affected	448.40							118.26	5.42		
TOTAL PROJECTED EMISSIONS		1,039.1	35.8	209.9	2,049.1	162.9	73.6	50,6	157.7	9.7	0.00	0
NSR APPLICABILITY - BAE-to-PAE												
TOTAL BASELINE EMISSIONS		1,049.9	292.0	264.7	2,058.3	157.8	72.4	52,1	149.4	9.8	0.00	55,535
TOTAL PROJECTED EMISSIONS		1,039.1	35.8	209.9	2,049.1	162.9	73.6	50.6	157.7	9.7	0.00	0
NET EMISSION INCREASE	((10,8)	(256.1)	(54.8)	(9.2)	5.0	1.2	(1.5)	8.3	(0.1)	(0.0)	(55,535)
NSR Threshold		40	100	40	40	25	45	10	10	10	0.6	75,000

A - see 'Catawba NCG Factors' tal for development of emission factors.

B - see Title V Permit Renewal Inventory.

C - see 'UPDATED Paper Mach PM Factor' tab for development of emission factors.

D - see 'Linerboard VOC_TRS Factors' tab for development of emission factors.

E - AP-42 emission factors based on 2012 average #6 fuel oil sulfur content of 1.90%. CY2012 is the earliest year available.

F - see 'WWTP Emission Factors' tab for development of emission factors.

New-Indy Catawba LLC Catawba, South Carolina Project Columbia

4.5 South Carolina Regulation 61-62.5, Standard No. 7 – Prevention of Significant Deterioration Air Dispersion Modeling Requirements

Standard No. 7 also includes PSD air quality increments which apply to all increases and decreases in PSD pollutant emissions following the PSD minor source baseline date. In York County the minor source baseline dates are December 1, 1981 for PM_{10} and SO_2 , April 5, 2001 for NO_X and March 3, 2017 for $PM_{2.5}$.

SCDHEC issued guidance concerning the PSD ambient air increments and air dispersion modeling demonstrations on February 27, 2017. In the guidance, SCDHEC suspended the requirement to model the change in PSD increment consumption. The new guidance requires facilities in counties where the minor source baseline date has been triggered to submit information to assess the consumption of the PSD increment.

As shown in Table 3 of Section 4.4, Project Columbia will result in a projected decrease in PM_{10} , $PM_{2.5}$, NO_X and SO_2 emissions from the Catawba mill. New-Indy believes this demonstrates the project will not interfere with attainment or maintenance of State or Federal Standards following the guidance of the Department issued on February 28, 2017.

4.6 South Carolina Regulation 61-62.5, Standard No. 8 Toxic Air Pollutants (TAPs)

Standard No. 8 regulates emissions or air toxics compounds emitted from new and existing sources. The Standard does not apply to fuel burning sources which burn only virgin or specification used oil. Section I.D(1) of the rule exempts sources subject to a Federal Maximum Achievable Control Technology (MACT) Standard for hazardous air pollutants (HAPs). The Catawba Mill is subject to Federal MACT Standards for the pulp and paper source category (Subparts S and MM), industrial boilers (Subpart DDDDD) and reciprocating internal combustion engines (Subpart ZZZZ). Section I.D(2) exempts non-MACT sources after a facility-wide residual risk analysis is completed. USEPA published the results of facility-wide residual risk analyses for Subpart S sources on December 27, 2011, and for Subpart MM sources on December 30, 2017. The residual risk analyses completed by USEPA concluded there was no unacceptable risk from pulp and paper mills. Therefore, all sources at the Catawba mill are exempt from Standard No. 8 under both D(1) and D(2).

The Catawba mill emits two South Carolina TAPs which are not listed HAPs, hydrogen sulfide and methyl mercaptan. Both compounds are generated by the Kraft pulping process and are components of total reduced sulfur (TRS) gases that are contained in LVHC and HVLC gases. Section I.D(3) allows sources to request an exemption for non-HAPs controlled by MACT controls to reduce HAPs.

The Catawba mill treats the LVHC and HVLC gases by combustion in compliance with MACT Subpart S, and for the applicable emission units, Subpart BB. The Catawba mill also complies with the condensate collection and treatment requirements under MACT Subpart S. At the Catawba Mill, collected condensates are treated using the condensate steam stripper (ID 9801) to remove the HAPs and TRS

New-Indy Catawba LLC Catawba, South Carolina Project Columbia

compounds. By treating the condensates using the steam stripper, the Catawba Mill reduces the HAP and TRS fugitive emissions from the wastewater treatment system (ID 2901) by removing the HAP and TRS from the condensates. For these reasons, New-Indy believes hydrogen sulfide and methyl mercaptan are exempt from compliance demonstrations under Standard No. 8.

4.7 South Carolina Regulation 61-62.70 - Title V Operating Permit Program

The Catawba Mill currently operates under Title V Operating Permit TV-2440-0005. New Indy will submit revised Title V permit application forms for these sources within one year of startup of the modified equipment. The revised Title V application will address monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements.

4.8 40 CFR 60, Subpart BB – Standards of Performance for Kraft Pulp Mills and Subpart BBa – Standards for Performance of Kraft Pulp Mills Affected Sources for which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced after May 23, 2013.

Subparts BB and BBa regulate emissions of particulate matter and TRS from affected sources at Kraft Pulp Mills.

The TRS emissions from the digester system and condensate stripper system are currently subject to Subpart BB. The mill complies with §60.283(a)(1)(iii) when TRS gases are combusted in the No. 1 or No. 2 Combination Boilers. The proposed changes require a capital investment and increase the hourly TRS emission rate, so this change meets the definition of a modification under §60.14(e)(2). Therefore, the digester system and condensate stripper system will become subject to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart BBa.

The existing oxygen delignification washers and bleach plant washers are not regulated by Subpart BB. As part of Project Columbia, the washers will be re-purposed as brownstock washers. Although these washers will be collected and controlled to meet the requirements for Part 63 NESHAPS, these washers are designed as low-flow drum displacement washers, which functionally are equivalent to diffusion washers, and are excluded from the definition of brownstock washers in \$60.281a. The new refiners and new screw presses are not regulated by Subpart BBa.

The No. 1 evaporator set is not currently regulated by Subpart BB. The modifications to the No. 1 evaporator set will increase the evaporation rate and may increase the hourly TRS emissions. The No. 1 evaporator set will become subject to Subpart BBa following the modifications. The No. 1 evaporator set is currently collected in the existing low-volume high-concentration (LVHC) closed-vent system and incinerated in the No.1 and No. 2 Combination Boilers.

The TRS emissions from the digester system, condensate stripper system and No. 1 evaporator set are collected in the LVHC and (high-volume low-concentration) HVLC closed-vent systems meeting the requirements of §63.450 and will comply with §60.283a(a)(1)(a)(iii). The Catawba Mill will continue to

New-Indy Catawba LLC Catawba, South Carolina Project Columbia

monitor the existing flame failure systems for each combination boiler and venting of the LVHC and HVLC closed-vent systems as required by 60.284a(d)(3)(iii) and currently utilized for monitoring compliance with Subpart BB.

The Catawba Mill will maintain records of excess emissions and malfunctions as required by 60.287a(b)(7) and (c), respectively. The mill will report periods of excess emissions and malfunctions as required by 60.288a(a) and (d), respectively. As defined in 60.284a(e)(1)(vi), periods of excess emissions less than one percent (1%) for the LVHC closed-vent systems (No. 1 evaporator set and condensate stripper system) and less than four percent (4%) for the HVLC closed-vent system (digester system) are not violations of 60.283a((a)(1)(iii).

4.9 40 CFR 63, Subpart S – National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants from the Pulp and Paper Industry

Subpart S regulates emissions of hazardous air pollutants from pulping, bleaching, and condensate handling operations located at pulp and paper mills that are a major source of HAP. The Catawba Mill emits greater than 10 tons per year of individual HAP and greater than 25 tons per year of total HAP qualifying it as a major source for HAP emissions. The Catawba Mill is regulated by the Part 63 NESHAPs for the Pulp and Paper Industry (Subpart S).

The existing digester system (ID 5210), pulp washing system (ID 5230), oxygen delignification system (ID 5240), knotting and screening system (ID 5250), bleach plant (ID 5300) and condensate stripper system (ID 9800-9820) were constructed after 1993 and are new sources under this regulation. The existing turpentine recovery system (ID 5220) and three evaporator sets (ID 2400, 2500 and 5100) were constructed prior to 1993 and are regulated as existing sources.

The new refiners serve the same functional purpose as the existing knotting and screening system, to remove oversize material from the pulp slurry. The new screw presses serve the same functional purpose as the existing screen room washer, which performs the same function as a decker system to thicken the pulp slurry prior to high density pulp storage. The vents from the new refiners, new screw presses and re-purposed brownstock washers will be collected in the HVLC closed-vent system as required by 63.443(c).

There is no bleach plant in the future so the requirements of 63.445 will no longer apply after completion of the project.

The existing pulping process condensates generated in the digester system, turpentine recovery system, evaporator systems, and LVHC and HVLC closed collection systems comply with the collection requirements in §63.446(c)(3) and the treatment requirements in §63.446(e)(5) for mill which perform bleaching. Following Project Columbia, the pulping process condensates with be required to comply with the collection requirements in §63.446(c)(3) and the treatment requirements in §63.446(e)(4) for

New-Indy Catawba LLC Catawba, South Carolina Project Columbia

mill which do not perform bleaching. The Catawba Mill plans to continue to comply with the requirements in 63.446 using the condensate steam stripper (ID 9801).

The No. 2 and No. 3 paper machines and the pulp dryer are considered papermaking systems under 40 CFR 63, Subpart S. During the development of Subpart S, EPA reviewed the HAP emissions from papermaking systems and determined no papermaking systems are operating with HAP controls. Therefore, the floor level of control for papermaking systems is no control, and EPA proposed no MACT standards for papermaking systems (63FR18525).

The Catawba Mill will continue to comply with the applicable requirements from Subpart S following the completion of this project. No changes to the current monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting under Subpart S are required.

4.10 40 CFR 63, Subpart JJJJ – National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants from Paper and Other Web Coating

Subpart JJJJ regulates emissions of hazardous air pollutants from paper coating operations. Following the completion of Project Columbia, the Catawba Mill will no longer perform paper coating and Subpart JJJJ will no longer apply.

4.11 40 CFR 51, Subpart BB—Data Requirements for Characterizing Air Quality for the Primary SO₂ NAAQS (a.k.a. SO₂ Data Requirements Rule or SQ₂ DRR)

The Catawba Mill submitted facility wide air dispersion modeling in November 2016 to comply with 40 CFR 51.1203(d). The projected actual SQ₂ emissions following Project Columbia are expected to remain below the SO₂ emission rates included in the modeling analysis submitted in 2016. The Catawba Mill will continue to annually review the actual SO₂ emission rates against the 2016 model emission rates to determine if an updated modeling demonstration is necessary.









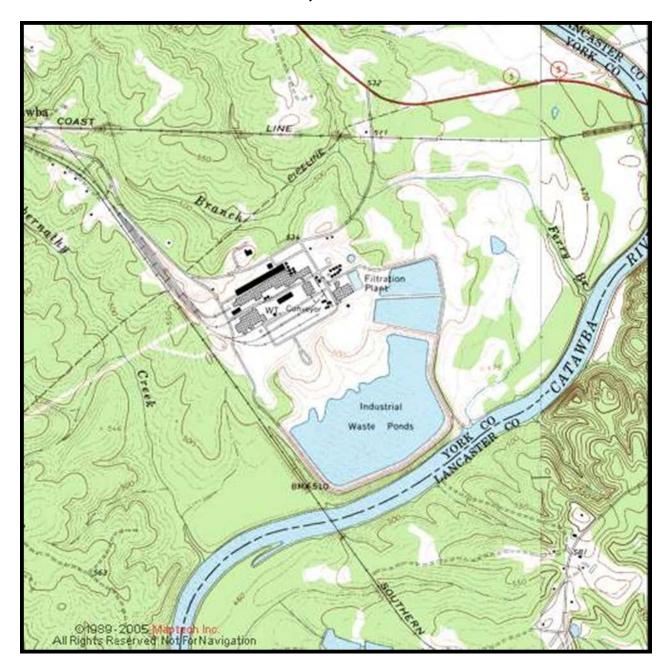
New-Indy Catawba LLC Catawba, South Carolina Project Columbia

Page 20



June 2019

Figure 2 USGS MAP New-Indy – Catawba Mill



New-Indy Catawba LLC Catawba, South Carolina Project Columbia

ATTACHMENT A APPLICATION FORMS



Bureau of Air Quality Expedited Review Request Instructions Construction Permits Page 1 of 2

APPLICATION IDENTIFICATION				
Facility Name (This should be the name used to identify the facility)		Request Date		
New-Indy Catawba LLC	2440 - 0005	June 7, 2019		

PRIMARY AIR PERMIT CONTACT					
Title/Position: Environmental Engineer	Mr.	First Name: Mike	Last Name: Swanson		
E-mail Addressmike.swanson@new-indycb	.com	Phone No.: (803) 981-8010	Cell No.: () -		

SECONDARY AIR PERMIT CONTACT (16 the Department is unable to contact the primary six permit contact please provided a secondary contact.)				
(If the Department is unable to contact the primary air permit contact please provided a secondary contact.) Title/Position: First Name: Last Name:				
E-mail Address:	Phone No.:	Cell No.: () -		

Check One	Permit Type	Expedited Review Days*	Fee**
\boxtimes	Minor Source Construction Permit	30	\$3,000
	Synthetic Minor Construction Permit	65	\$4,000
	Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) not impacting a Class I Area (no Class I modeling required)	120	\$20,000
	Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Modification not impacting a Class I Area (no Class I modeling required) No BACT limit change but requires Public Notice	120	\$5,000
	Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Modification not impacting a Class I Area (no Class I modeling required) Number of BACT Pollutants X \$5,000 per BACT modification	120	Total Fee \$ Maximum of \$20,000
	Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) impacting a Class I Area (Class I modeling required)	150	\$25,000
	Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Modification impacting a Class I Area (Class I modeling required) No BACT limit change but requires Public Notice	150	\$5,000
	Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Modification impacting a Class I Area (Class I modeling required) Number of BACT Pollutants X \$5,000 per BACT modification	150	Total Fee \$ Maximum of \$25,000
	Concrete Minor Source Construction Permit Relocation Request	10	\$1,500
	Asphalt Synthetic Minor Construction Permit Relocation Request	15	\$3,500

^{*}All days above are calendar days, but exclude State holidays, and building closure dates due to severe weather or other emergencies. Expedited days for asphalt and concrete also exclude weekends.

^{**}DO NOT SEND PAYMENT UNTIL THE APPLICATION HAS BEEN ACCEPTED INTO THE EXPEDITED PROGRAM. If chosen for expedited review, you will be notified by phone for verbal acceptance into the program. Fees must be paid within five business days of acceptance.



Bureau of Air Quality Expedited Review Request Instructions Construction Permits Page 2 of 2

PRIMARY AIR PERMIT CONTACT SIGNATURE

I have read the most recent version of the Expedited Review Program Standard Operating Procedures and accept all of the terms and conditions within. I understand that it is my responsibility to ensure an application of the highest quality is submitted in a timely manner, and to address any requests for additional information by the deadline specified. I understand that submittal of this request form is not a guarantee that expedited review will be granted.

Signature of Primary Air Permit Contact	Date



Bureau of Air Quality Construction Permit Application Facility Information Page 1 of 3

FACILITY IDENTIFICATION			
SC Air Permit Number (8-digits only) (Leave blank if one has never been assigned)	Application Date		
2440 - 0005	June 7, 2019		
	Facility Federal Tax Identification Number		
(This should be the name used to identify the facility at the physical address listed below)	(Established by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service to identify a business entity)		
New-Indy Catawba LLC	83-1904423		

FACILITY PHYSICAL ADDRESS					
Physical Address: 5300 Cureton Ferry Ro	oad	County: York			
City: Catawba	State: SC	Zip Code: 29704			
Facility Coordinates (Facility coordinates shou	ld be based at the front door or main entrance of	the facility.)			
Latitude: 34°50′37″N	Longitude: 80°53'25"W	 NAD27 (North American Datum of 1927) Or NAD83 (North American Datum of 1983) 			

CO-LOCATION DETERMINATION
Are there other facilities in close proximity that could be considered co-located? ☒ No ☐ Yes*
List potential co-located facilities, including air permit numbers if applicable:

COMMUNITY OUTREACH

What are the potential air issues and community concerns? Please provide a brief description of potential air issues and community concerns about the entire facility and/or specific project. Include how these issues and concerns are being addressed, if the community has been informed of the proposed construction project, and if so, how they have been informed.

No issues or concerns. This project will lower air emissions for many pollutants.

FACILITY'S PRODUCTS / SERVICES			
Primary Products / Services (List the primary product and/or services			
Linerboard/Pulp Manufacturing	20.		
Primary SIC Code (Standard Industrial Classification Codes)	Primary NAICS Code (North American Industry Classification System)		
2631	322130		
Other Products / Services (List any other products and/or services)			
Other SIC Code(s):	Other NAICS Code(s):		

AIR PERMIT FACILITY CONTACT								
(Person at the facility who can answer technical questions about the facility and permit application.)								
Title/Position: Environmental Engineer Salutation: Mr. First Name: Mike Last Name: Swanson								
Mailing Address: PO Box 7		68						
City: Catawba		State: SC	Zip Code: 29704					
E-mail Address: mike.swanson@new-ind	ycb.com	Phone No.: (803) 981-8010	Cell No.:					

^{*}If yes, please submit co-location applicability determination details in an attachment to this application.



Bureau of Air Quality Construction Permit Application Facility Information Page 2 of 3

The signed permit will be e-mailed to	o the designated Air Permit Contact.
If additional individuals need copies of the permit,	please provide their names and e-mail addresses.
Name	E-mail Address
Steven Moore	steven.moore@aecom.com

Name	E-mail /	Address
Steven Moore	steven.moore@aecom.com	
CONFIDENTIAL IN	FORMATION / DATA	
Does this application contain confidential information or data		
*If yes, include a sanitized version of the application for public review at		ITIAL INFORMATION SHOULD BE
SUBMITTED	- andra and and a stream	
LIST OF FOR	MS INCLUDED	
	d in the application package)	
Form Name	Include	d (Y/N)
Expedited Review Request (DHEC Form 2212)	⊠ Yes □ No	u (./,/
Equipment/Processes (DHEC Form 2567)	⊠ Yes	
Emissions (DHEC Form 2569)	⊠ Yes	
Regulatory Review (DHEC Form 2570)	⊠ Yes	
Emissions Point Information (DHEC Form 2573)	Yes No (If No, Explain)
		,
OWNER OR	OPERATOR	
Title/Position: General Manager Salutation: Mr.	First Name: David	Last Name: Clemmons
Mailing Address: PO Box 7		
City: Catawba	State: SC	Zip Code: 29704
E-mail Address: david.clemmons@new-indycb.com	Phone No.: 803-981-8376	Cell No.:
	ATOR SIGNATURE	
I certify, to the best of my knowledge and belief, that no a		
violated. I certify that any application form, report, or comp		
accurate, and complete based on information and believe		
statements and/or descriptions, which are found to be inco	orrect, may result in the immed	liate revocation of any permit
issued for this application.		
Signature of Owner or Operator		Date
orginatal of Office of Operator		
PERSON AND/OR FIRM THAT	PREPARED THIS APPLICAT	ION
(If not the same person as the Professional Engin	neer who has reviewed and signed this	application.)
Consulting Firm Name: AECOM	Tormore to	
Title/Position: Senior Project Manager Salutation: Mr.	First Name: Steven	Last Name: Moore

		PREPARED THIS APPLICAT	
(If not the same person of	as the Professional Engir	neer who has reviewed and signed this	s application.)
Consulting Firm Name: AECOM		68	201
Title/Position: Senior Project Manager	Salutation: Mr.	First Name: Steven	Last Name: Moore
Mailing Address: 10 Patewood Drive, Bui	ding 6, Suite 500		
City: Greenville		State: SC	Zip Code: 29615
E-mail Address: steven.moore@aecom.co	om	Phone No.: (864) 234-2297	Cell No.:
SC Professional Engineer License/Registr	ation No. (if applica	ble):	2



Bureau of Air Quality Construction Permit Application Facility Information Page 3 of 3

PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER INFORMATION							
Consulting Firm Name: AECOM							
Title/Position: PE	Salutation: Mr.	First Name: Joe	Last Name: Sullivan				
Mailing Address: 1600 Perimeter Park Dr., St	iite 400	30					
City: Morrisville		State: NC	Zip Code: 27560				
E-mail Address: joe.sullivan@aecom.com		Phone No.: (919) 461-1237	Cell No.:				
SC License/Registration No.: 18804							
PRO	FESSIONAL ENG	INEER SIGNATURE					
I have placed my signature and seal on construction permit application as it per <i>Control Regulations and Standards</i> .							
Signature of Professional Engineer	Date	_					



Bureau of Air Quality Construction Permit Application Equipment / Processes Page 1 of 9

APPLICATION IDENTIFICATION										
(Please ensure that the information list in this table is the same on all of the forms and requ	(Please ensure that the information list in this table is the same on all of the forms and required information submitted in this construction permit application package.)									
Facility Name	SC Air Permit Number (8-digits only)	Application Date								
(This should be the name used to identify the facility)	(Leave blank if one has never been assigned)									
New-Indy Catawba LLC	2440 - 0005	June 7, 2019								

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Brief Project Description (What, why, how, etc.): Modify Kraft pulp mill to manufacture unbleached pulp. Convert two paper machines and pulp dryer to brown paper. Increase Kraft pulp mill Kappa to increase pulp yield from same raw material inputs (wood and cooking liquor). Modify No.1 evaporator set to increase evaporation capacity. Retire one existing paper machine, TMP process, all paper coating equipment and No. 1 power boiler.

ATTACHMENTS							
□ Process Flow Diagram	Location in Application: Figu	ıre 1			1		
□ Detailed Project Description	Location in Application: Section 2		/	<u>\</u>			✓

		EQUIPM	IENT / PROCESS	INFORMATIO	N		
Equipment ID Process ID	Action	Equipment / Process Description	Maximum Design Capacity (Units)	Control Device ID(s)	Pollutants Controlled (Include CAS#)	Capture System Efficiency and Description	Emission Point ID(s)
5210	☐ Add ☐ Remove ☑ Modify ☐ Other	Continuous Digester System: Digester Chip Bin, Continuous Digester, Pressure Refiners A and B, Chip Feed System, Blow Tank, Steam Economizer and Reboiler	(b) (4)	5270, 2605, 3705	VOC, HARS, TRS	HVLC Collection System	2610S1, 2610S2
5230	Add Remove Modify Other	Pulp Washing System: Rressure Diffuser, Filtrate Tank, 3-stage Brownstock Washer Lines w/Filtrate Tanks (2 lines in parallel, repurposed No. 1 Post O2 Washer, No. 2 Rost O2 Washer, D0 Washer, D1 Washer, D2 Washer, Eop Washer), Brown Stock Liquor Surge Tank		5270, 2605, 3705	VOC, HAPs, TRS	HVLC Collection System	2610S1, 2610S2



Bureau of Air Quality Construction Permit Application Equipment / Processes Page 2 of 9

	EQUIPMENT / PROCESS INFORMATION								
Equipment ID Process ID	Action	Equipment / Process Description	Maximum Design Capacity (Units)	Control Device ID(s)	Pollutants Controlled (Include CAS#)	Capture System Efficiency and Description	Emission Point ID(s)		
5240	Add Remove Modify Other	Oxygen Delignification System: No. 1 O2 Reactor, Blow Tube, No. 1 Post O2 Washer, No. 1 Post O2 Filtrate Tank, No. 2 O2 Reactor, Blow Tube, No. 2 Post O2 Washer, No. 2 Post O2 Filtrate Tank, Post O2 Surge Tank, No. 1B O2 Reactor	/b) /1)	5270, 2605, 370 5	VOC, HAPS, TRS	HVLC Collection System	2610S1, 2610S2		
5250	Add Remove Modify Other	Knotting and Screening System: HD Tank, Primary Knotters (2), Secondary Knotters (2), No. 1 Primary Screen, No. 2 Primary Screen, Secondary Screen, Tertiary Screen, Quaternary Screen, Cleaner, Shive Thickener, Screen Room Filtrate Tank, Screen Room Washer		5270, 2605, 3705	VOC, HAPs, TRS	HVLC Collection System	2610S1, 2610S2		
5255	Add Remove Modify Other	Pulp Refining and Washing: Washed Stock Storage Tank, Refiners (2), Screw Presses (2), Screw Press Filtrate Tank, Filtrate Screen		5270, 2605, 3705	VOC, HAPS, TRS	HVLC Collection System	2610S1, 2610S2		
5300	Add Remove Modify Other	Four Stage DOEOPD1D2 Bleaching System: DO Tower and Washer; EQP Reactor, Washer and Filtrate Tank; D1 Tower, Washer, and Filtrate Tank; D2 Tower, Washer and Filtrate Tank; Acid Sewer; Alkaline Sewer		53000	CL ₂ , Chlorinated HARs	Bleaching System Scrubber	5300S		

DHEC 2567 (9/2014)

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Bureau of Air Quality Construction Permit Application Equipment / Processes Page 3 of 9

		EQUIPM	IENT / PROCESS	INFORMATIC	N		
Equipment ID Process ID	Action	Equipment / Process Description	Maximum Design Capacity (Units)	Control Device ID(s)	Pollutants Controlled (Include CAS#)	Capture System Efficiency and Description	Emission Point ID(s)
1790	☐ Add ☑ Remove ☐ Modify ☐ Other	Chlorine Dioxide Generator: Generator/Crystallizer/Reboiler, Saltcake Slurry Tank, Hydroclone and Saltcake Filter, Generator Dump Tank, Indirect Cooling Tower, ClO2 Adsorption Tower, Barometric Condenser, Seal Pot, ClO2 Storage Tanks (212,000 gallons), Filtrate Separation System	(b) (4)	1790C, 1790Ca	CL ₂	Chlorine Dioxide Generator Scrubber, chilled water and white liquor and Chlorine Dioxide Generator Tail Gas Scrubber, weak wash and white liquor	1790S
4400	☐ Add ☑ Remove ☐ Modify ☐ Other	TMP Lines 1-6 (The following equipment is shared): Chip Conveyor, Chip Washing System: Chip Washer and Screens (3 sets), 3 Chip Storage Silos, Pin Chip Screen Cyclone, 2 Chip Surge Bins (7,481 gallons, ea.), Heat and Turpentine Recovery System: Flash Tanks, Surge Tanks, 3 Liquid Phase Separators (1,520 gallons, each), Condensers, 2,880-gallon Decanter		None	NA	NA	4400
4400	☐ Add ☑ Remove ☐ Modify ☐ Other	TMP Line 1-3: Primary, Secondary, and Tertiary Refiner System, Peroxide Towers, Neutralization Chests, Screening and Cleaning Systems Rejects Refiner Systems, Press System, Decker System, Sodium Hydrosulfite Bleaching System		None	NA	NA	4400
4400	Remove Modify	Screening and Cleaning Systems Rejects Refiner Systems, Press System, Decker System, Sodium		None	NA	NA	4

DHEC 2567 (9/2014)

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Bureau of Air Quality Construction Permit Application Equipment / Processes Page 4 of 9

		EQUIPM	ENT / PROCESS	INFORMATIC	N		
Equipment ID Process ID	Action	Equipment / Process Description	Maximum Design Capacity (Units)	Control Device ID(s)	Pollutants Controlled (Include CAS#)	Capture System Efficiency and Description	Emission Point ID(s)
4400	Add Remove Modify Other	TMP Lines 4-6: Primary, Secondary, and Tertiary Refiner System, Screening and Cleaning Systems, Rejects Refiner Systems, Press System, Decker System, Sodium Hydrosulfite Bleaching System	(b) (4)	None	NA	NA	4400
4400	☐ Add ☐ Remove ☐ Modify ☐ Other	Hydrogen Peroxide Bleaching System		None	NA	NA	4400
2000	Add Remove Modify Other	No. 1 Paper Machine: Cleaner System, Deculator System, Precondenser System, Vacuum Pump System, Screen System, Mix Tub, Headbox System, Forming Wire, Vacuum Blower, Vacuum Trench, Save-All System, Presses, Separators, Press Pulper, Dryer Systems, Dryer Pulper Calendar, Dry End Pulper, Reel, Slurry Mix Tanks, Mix Tanks		None	NA	NA	2000
2005	☐ Add ☐ Remove ☐ Modify ☐ Other	No. 1 Paper Machine Rereeler and Trim Pulper		None	NA	NA	2000
2010	Add Remove Modify Other	No. 1 Coater Dryer, fired on Natural Gas, Propane, or Kerosene: Coater System, Coating Dryer, Screen/Filters, Reel, and Coated Broke Pulper		None	NA	NA	2000



Bureau of Air Quality Construction Permit Application Equipment / Processes Page 5 of 9

		EQUIPM	IENT / PROCESS	INFORMATIC)N		
Equipment ID Process ID	Action	Equipment / Process Description	Maximum Design Capacity (Units)	Control Device ID(s)	Pollutants Controlled (Include CAS#)	Capture System Efficiency and Description	Emission Point ID(s)
4600	Add Remove Modify Other	No.2 Paper Machine: Cleaner System, Deculator System, Precondenser, Vacuum Pump System, Screen System, Headbox System Forming Wire, Vacuum Blower, Vacuum Trench, Save-All System, Press System, Press Pulper, Dryer Systems, Dryer Pulper, Calendar, Dry End Pulper, Reel, Slurry Mix Tanks, Mix Tanks	(b) (4)	Mône	NA	NA	4600
4605	Add Remove Modify Other	No. 2 Paper Machine Rereeler and Trim Pulper		Nône	NA	NA	4600
4610	Add Remove Modify Other	No. 2 Coater Dryer, fired on Natural Gas, Propane or Kerosene: Coating System, Coating Dryer, Screens/Filters, Reel, and Coated Broke Pulper		None	NA	NA	4600
4100	☐ Add ☐ Remove ☑ Modify ☐ Other	No. 3 Linerboard Machine: Mixed Stock Chest, Stock Refining System, Cleaner System, Deculator System, Precondenser, Mixing Silo, Vacuum Pump System, Vacuum Trench, Screen System, Headbox System, Mix Eliminator, Vacuum Blowers, Forming Wire, Press System, Press Pulper, Dryer Systems, Economizer, Dry End Pulper, Steam Dryer, Reel, Reel Pulper, Winder, Trim Pulper		None	NA	NA	4100



Bureau of Air Quality Construction Permit Application Equipment / Processes Page 6 of 9

EQUIPMENT / PROCESS INFORMATION							
Equipment ID Process ID	Action	Equipment / Process Description	Maximum Design Capacity (Units)	Control Device ID(s)	Pollutants Controlled (Include CAS#)	Capture System Efficiency and Description	Emission Point ID(s)
4110	Add Remove Modify Other	Air Flotation Dryer equipped with Low NOx burners (as BACT), fired on Natural Gas, Propane, or Kerosene	(b) (4)	None	NA	NA	4110
4120	Add Remove Modify Other	Infrared Dryer, fired on Natural Gas, Propane, or Kerosene		None	NA	NA	4120
4130	Add Remove Modify Other	Hot Oil Heating System, fired on Natural Gas, Propane, or Kerosene		None	NA	NA	4130
2100	☐ Add ☐ Remove ☑ Modify ☐ Other	Pulp Dryer: Screen System, Decker, Headbox System, Cylinder Mold, Hood Exhaust System, Vacuum System, Press System, Press Pulper, Dryers, Economizer, Dry End Pulper, Steam heated Booster Oven on dry end, Cutter, Stacker		None	A	NA	2100
9700	Add Remove Modify Other	Four – Starch Silos, Slurry Mix Tanks, Starch Cookers, Flash Tank, Mix Tanks	N/A	B-2000	PM, PM10, PM2,5	Two – Starch Silo Baghouses	B-2000
9701A, 9701B, 9702, 9703, 9704	Add Remove Modify Other	1,400 Gallon Slurry Tank, 1,400 Gallon Slurry Tank, Starch Cooker, Flash Tank, 2,900 Gallon Paste Tank	N/A	None	NA	NA	9701A, 9701B, 9702, 9703, 9704
2400	☐ Add☐ Remove☐ Modify☐ Other	No. 1 Multi-Effect Evaporator Set with concentrator	(b) (4)	5260, 5260C, 2605, 3705	VOC, HAPs, TRS	LVHC Collection System	2610S1, 2610S2

DHEC 2567 (9/2014)



Bureau of Air Quality Construction Permit Application Equipment / Processes Page 7 of 9

						<u>X</u>	
EQUIPMENT / PROCESS INFORMATION							
Equipment ID Process ID	Action	Equipment / Process Description	Maximum Design Capacity (Units)	Control Device ID(s)	Pollutants Controlled (Include CAS#)	Capture System Efficiency and Description	Emission Point ID(s)
2550	Add Remove Modify Other	342–375 million BTU/hr Power Boiler, fired on natural gas, No. 6 fuel oil; 225,000 lb/hr maximum steaming rate on any fuel •342 million BTU/hr – No. 6 fuel oil; •375 million BTU/hr – natural gas	(D)(4)	None	NA	NA	2550S
9801	Add Remove Modify Other	Condensate Steam Stripper		9820, 2605, 3705	VOC, HAPs, TRS	Stripper Off Gases (SOGs) Collection System	2610S1, 2610S2
M10-223	Add Remove Modify Other	Methanol Tank		Nône	NA	NA	1100
1299	☐ Add☐ Remove☐ Modify☐ Other	Twelve – HD Pulp Storage Tanks	NA	None	NA	NA	1299

CONTROL DEVICE INFORMATION						
Control Device ID	Action	Control Device Description	Maximum Design Capacity (Units)	Inherent/Required/Voluntary (Explain)	Destruction/Removal Efficiency Determination	
5300C	Add Remove Modify Other	Bleaching System Scrubber	(b) (4)	Source being retired, control device no longer required for compliance	Source being retired, control device no longer required for compliance	
1790C, 1790Ca	Add Remove Modify Other	Chlorine Dioxide Generator Scrubber, chilled water and white liquor and Chlorine Dioxide Generator Tail Gas Scrubber, weak wash and white liquor		Source being retired, control device no longer required for compliance	Source being retired, control device no longer required for compliance	



Bureau of Air Quality Construction Permit Application Equipment / Processes Page 8 of 9

	CONTROL DEVICE INFORMATION					
Control Device ID	Action	Control Device Description	Maximum Design Capacity (Units)	Inherent/Required/Voluntary (Explain)	Destruction/Removal Efficiency Determination	
B-2000	Add Remove Modify Other	Two – Starch Silo Baghouses	NA	Source being retired, control device no longer required for compliance	Source being retired, control device no longer required for compliance	
5260	Add Remove Modify Other	LVHC Collection System	N/A	Required to comply with 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart BB/BBa and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart S	99.9%	
5260C	☐ Add ☐ Remove ☐ Modify ☐ Other	LVHC System Caustic Scrubber	N/A	Required to comply with 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart BB/BBa and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart S	50%	
5270	☐ Add ☐ Remove ☐ Modify ☐ Other	HVLC Collection System	N/A	Required to comply with 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart BB/BBa and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart S	99.9%	
9820	Add Remove Modify Other	Stripper Off Gases (SOGs) Collection System	N/A	Required to comply with 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart BB/BBa and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart S	99.9%	
2605	☐ Add☐ Remove☐ Modify☐ Other	No. 1 Combination Boiler	N/A	Required to comply with 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart BB/BBa and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart S	98%	
3705	☐ Add☐ Remove☐ Modify☐ Other	No. 2 Combination Boiler	N/A	Required to comply with 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart BB/BBa and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart S	98%	

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Bureau of Air Quality Construction Permit Application Equipment / Processes Page 9 of 9

700	RAW MATERIAL AND F	PRODUCT INFORMATION	
Equipment ID Process ID Control Device ID	Raw Material(s)	Product(s)	Fuels Combusted
5210-5255	Wood, cooking liquor	Unbleached pulp	noné
4600	Unbleached pulp	Linerboard	none
4100	Unbleached pulp	Uncoated Lightweight Brown Paper	none
2100	Unbleached pulp	Unbleached Market Pulp	none
2400	Weak Black Liquor	Strong Black Liquor	none
9801	Foul Condensate	Clean Condensate	none

į		MONITORING AND REP	ORTING INFORMATION		
Equipment ID Process ID Control Device ID	Pollutant(s)/Parameter(s) Monitored	Monitoring Frequency	Reporting Frequency	Monitoring/Reporting Basis	Averaging Period(s)
5210-5255	LVHC and HVLC Venting	Continuous	Semi-annual	NSPS Subpart BB MACT Subpart S	5-minutes
4600	None	NA	NA NA	NA	NA
4100	None	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA
2100	None	NA V	NA NA	NA	NA
2400	LVHC Venting	Continuous	Semi-annual	NSPS Subpart BB MACT Subpart S	5-minutes
9801	SOG Venting	Continuous	Semi-annual	NSPS Subpart BB MACT Subpart S	5-minutes
9801	Condensate Collection and Treatment	Continuous	Semi-annual	MACT Subpart S	15-days

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Bureau of Air Quality Construction Permit Application Emissions Page 1 of 2

APPLICATION IDENTIFICATION (Please ensure that the information list in this table is the same on all of the forms and required information submitted in this construction permit application package.)								
Facility Name (This should be the name used to identify the facility)	SC Air Permit Number (8-digits only) (Leave blank if one has never been assigned)	Application Date						
New-Indy Catawba LLC	2440 - 0005	June 7, 2019						

ATTACHMENTS								
(Check all the appropriate checkboxes if included as an attachment)								
Sample Calculations, Emission Factors Used, etc.	Detailed Explanation of Assumptions, Bottlenecks, etc.							
Supporting Information: Manufacturer's Data, etc.	☐ Source Test Information							
☐ Details on Limits Being Taken for PTE Emissions	NSR Analysis ■ NSR Analysis NSR Analysis							

SUMMARY OF PROJECTED CHANGE IN FACILITY WIDE POTENTIAL EMISSIONS (Calculated at maximum design capacity.)										
Emission Rates Prior to Emission Rates After										
Pollutants	Construction /	Modification	(tons/year)	Construction	/ Modification	(tons/year)				
	Uncontrolled	Controlled	PTE	Uncontrolled	Controlled	PTE				
Particulate Matter (PM)	111,415	1,991	NA	111,340	1,799	NA				
Particulate Matter <10 Microns (PM ₁₀)	77,797	1,252	NA	77,683	1,109	NA				
Particulate Matter < 2.5 Microns (PM _{2.5})	65,298	993	NA	65,355	891	NA				
Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)	24,147	24,147	NA	22,430	22,430	NA				
Nitrogen Oxides (NO _x)	3,630	3,630	NA	3,028	3,028	NA				
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	3,601	3,601	NA	3,144	3,144	NA				
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)	10,658	1,942	NA	8,738	1,318	NA				
Lead (Pb)	14.3	14.3	NA	14.3	14.3	NA				
Highest HAP Prior to Construction (CAS #: 67561)	6,955	917	NA	5,985	828	NA				
Highest HAP After Construction (CAS #: 67561)	6,955	917	NA	5,985	828	NA				
Total HAP Emissions*	7,331	1,129	NA	6,297	1,010	NA				

Include emissions from exempt equipment and emission increases from process changes that were exempt from construction permits.

(*All HAP emitted from the various equipment or processes must be listed in the appropriate "Potential Emission Rates at Maximum Design Capacity" Table)



Bureau of Air Quality Construction Permit Application Emissions Page 2 of 2

			POTENTIAL EMISSION RATES AT MAXIN	IUM DESIG	N CAPACITY				
Equipment ID	Emission	Pollutants	Calculation Methods / Limits Taken /	Uncor	trolled	Cont	rolled	D.	TE
/ Process ID	Point ID	(Include CAS #)	Other Comments	lbs/hr	tons/yr	lbs/hr	tons/yr	lbs/hr	tons/yr
5260, 5270, 9820	2610S1, 2610S2	SO2	See Attachment B	1,136	4,977	NA	NA	NA	NA
5260, 5270, 9820	2610S1, 2610S2	NOX	See Attachment B	47.9	210	NA	NA	NA	NA
5260, 5270, 9820	2610S1, 2610S2	со	See Attachment B	8.20	35.9	NA	NA	NA	NA
5260, 5270, 9820	2610S1, 2610S2	voc	See Attachment B	1,534	6,718	15.0	65.8	NA	NA
5260, 5270, 9820	2610S1, 2610S2	TRS	See Attachment B	2.46	2,321	4.3	18.8	NA	NA
5260, 5270, 9820	2610S1, 2610S2	H2S	See Attachment B	4.04	619	1.0	4.3	NA	NA
4600	4600	PM	See Attachment B	2.1	9.2	NA	NA	NA	NA
4600	4600	PM ₁₀	See Attachment B	2.1	9.2	NA	NA	NA	NA
4600	4600	PM _{2.5}	See Attachment B	1.8	7.9	NA	NA	NA	NA
4600	4600	VOC	See Attachment B	18.8	82.4	NA	NA	NA	NA
4600	4600	TRS	See Attachment B	0.8	3.3	NA	NA	NA	NA
4100	4100	PM	See Attachment B	8.8	38.3	NA	NA	NA	NA
4100	4100	PM ₁₀	See Attachment B	8.8	38.3	NA	NA	NA	NA
4100	4100	PM _{2.5}	See Attachment B	7.5	32.9	NA	NA	NA	NA
4100	4100	VOC	See Attachment B	78.8	345	NA	NA	NA	NA
4100	4100	TRS	See Attachment B	3.1	13.7	NA	NA	NA	NA
2100	2100	PM	See Attachment B	2.4	10.4	NA	NA	NA	NA
2100	2100	PM ₁₀	See Attachment B	2.4	10.4	NA	NA	NA	NA
2100	2100	PM _{2.5}	See Attachment B	2.0	8.9	NA	NA	NA	NA
2100	2100	VOC	See Attachment B	21.3	93.3	NA	NA	NA	NA
2100	2100	TRS	See Attachment B	0.8	3.7	NA	NA	NA	NA



Bureau of Air Quality Construction Permit Application Regulatory Review Page 1 of 2

APPLICATION IDENTIFICATION (Please ensure that the information list in this table is the same on all of the forms and required information submitted in this construction permit application package.)									
Facility Name (This should be the name used to identify the facility)	SC Air Permit Number (8-digits only) (Leave blank if one has never been assigned)	Application Date							
New-Indy Catawba LLC	2440 - 0005	June 7, 2019							

STATE	AND F		AIR POLLUTION CONTROL RE listed below add any additional regulations					
	Appli	cable	Include all limits, work practices, monitoring, record keeping, etc.					
Regulation	Yes	No	Explain Applicability Determination	List the specific limitations and/or requirements that apply.	How will compliance be demonstrated?			
Regulation 61-62.1, Section II(E) Synthetic Minor Construction Permits		\boxtimes	No operating restrictions are being requested					
Regulation 61-62.1, Section II(G) Conditional Major Operating Permits		\boxtimes	Facility is Title V source					
Regulation 61-62.5, Standard No. 1 Emissions from Fuel Burning Operations		\boxtimes	applicable to fuel burning operations					
Regulation 61-62.5, Standard No. 2 Ambient Air Quality Standards	61-62.5, Standard No. 2		applies to all sources	none	modeling demonstration not required, future allowable emissions (tpy) lower than current allowable emissions (tpy)			
Regulation 61-62.5, Standard No. 3 Waste Combustion and Reduction		\boxtimes	MACT control devices exempt					
Regulation 61-62.5, Standard No. 4 Emissions from Process Industries	\boxtimes		applicable to process sources	Process weight rule	Emission factors			
Regulation 61-62.5, Standard No. 5 Volatile Organic Compounds		\boxtimes	not a regulated activity					
Regulation 61-62.5, Standard No. 5.2 Control of Oxides of Nitrogen		\boxtimes	no burner modifications					
Regulation 61-62.5, Standard No. 7 Prevention of Significant Deterioration*		\boxtimes	Modification is not subject to PSD					
Regulation 61-62.5, Standard No. 7.1 Nonattainment New Source Review*		\bowtie	attainment area					



Bureau of Air Quality Construction Permit Application Regulatory Review Page 2 of 2

	Appli	(If not	ecord keeping, etc.		
Regulation	Yes	No	Explain Applicability Determination	List the specific limitations and/or requirements that apply.	How will compliance be demonstrated?
Regulation 61-62.5, Standard No. 8 Toxic Air Pollutants		\boxtimes	All sources subject to MACT or included in Subpart S RTR		
Regulation 61-62.6 Control of Fugitive Particulate Matter		\boxtimes	applies to fugitive dust sources		
Regulation 61-62.68 Chemical Accident Prevention Provisions		\boxtimes	not a regulated activity		
Regulation 61-62.70 Title V Operating Permit Program	\boxtimes		Facility has Title V operating permit		
40 CFR Part 64 - Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)		\boxtimes	MACT Subpart S sources		
40 CFR 60 Subpart A - General Provisions	\boxtimes		applies to Subpart BB/BBa		
40 CFR 60 Subpart BB/BBa – Kraft Pulp Mill NSPS	\boxtimes		applies to Kraft pulp mill	TRS emission limits	Flame Failure System / Venting
40 CFR 61 Subpart A - General Provisions		\boxtimes	not a regulated activity		
40 CFR 63 Subpart A - General Provisions	\boxtimes		applies to Subparts S		
40 CFR 63 Subpart S – Pulp and Paper MACT	\boxtimes		applies to Kraft pulp mill	HAP emission limits	Flame Failure System / Venting Stripper Steam Ratio

^{*} Green House Gas emissions must be quantified if these regulations are triggered.



Bureau of Air Quality Emission Point Information Page 1 of 4

	A. APPLICATION	N IDENTIFICATION					
1. Facility Name: New-Indy Catawba LLC							
2. SC Air Permit Number (if known; 8-digits only): 2440 - 0005 3. Application Date: June 7, 2019							
4. Project Description: Modify Kraft pulp mill to manu							
mill Kappa to increase pulp yield from same raw mat			or set to increase evaporation capacity. Retire				
one existing paper machine, TMP process, all paper of	oating equipment and No.	1 power boiler.					
	B. FACILITY	INFORMATION					
		2. If a Small Business or small g	overnment facility, is Bureau assistance being				
1. Is your company a Small Business? \square Yes \boxtimes No	1	requested?	(25)				
		☐ Yes ☒ No					
3. Are other facilities collocated for air compliance?	Yes 🛛 No	4. If Yes, provide permit numbers of collocated facilities:					
A 10	- M. 16	SAPAN MARKATER SEE	**				
	C. AIR	CONTACT					
Consulting Firm Name (if applicable):							
Title/Position: Environmental Engineer	Salutation: Mr.	First Name: Mike	Last Name: Swanson				
Mailing Address: P.O. Box 7							
City: Catawba		State: SC	Zip Code: 29704				
E-mail Address: mike.swanson@new-indycb.com		Phone No.: (803) 981-8010	Cell No.:				

D. EMISSION POINT DISPERSION PARAMETERS

Source data requirements are based on the appropriate source classification. Each emission point is classified as a point, area, volume, or flare source. Contact the Bureau of Air Quality for clarification of data requirements. Include sources on a scaled site map. Also, a picture of area or volume sources would be helpful but is not required. A user generated document or spreadsheet may be substituted in lieu of this form provided all of the required emission point parameters are submitted in the same order, units, etc. as presented in these tables.

Abbreviations / Units of Measure: UTM = Universal Transverse Mercator; °N = Degrees North; °W = Degrees West; m = meters; AGL = Above Ground Level; ft = feet; ft/s = feet per second; ° = Degrees; °F = Degrees Fahrenheit



Bureau of Air Quality Emission Point Information Page 2 of 4

	E. POINT SOURCE DATA (Point sources such as stacks, chimneys, exhaust fans, and vents.)														
Emission	Poi	int Source C Projection:		es	Release	Temp.	Exit	Inside	Discharge	Rain	Distance To Nearest		Building		
Point ID	Description/Name	Holder	(°F)	Velocity (ft/s)	Diameter (ft)	Orientatio n	(ALIAN)			Property Boundary (ft)	Height (ft)	Length (ft)	Width (ft)		
2610S1	NCG Incineration – Combination Boiler 1	509990	3855460			228	363.8	47.2	10	Vertical	No	1,100	148	36	42

	F. AREA SOURCE DATA (Area sources such as storage piles, and other sources that have low level or ground level releases with no plumes.)											
Emission Point ID Description/Name Area Source Coordinates Projection: UTM E UTM N Lat Long (m) (°N) (°W) Release Height AGL (ft) Easterly Length (ft) (ft)								Angle From North (°)	Distance To Nearest Property Boundary (ft)			
4600	No. 2 Paper Machine	509743	3855635			80	100	50	-30	1,100		
4100	No. 3 Paper Machine	509677	3855529			80	100	50	-30	1,250		
2100	Pulp Dryer	509648	3855443			80	100	50	-30	1,400		

4	G. VOLUME SOURCE DATA (Volume sources such as building fugitives that have initial dispersion vertical depth prior to release.)													
Emission Point ID	Description/Name	UTM E (m)	me Source Projection UTM N (m)		Long (°W)	Release Height AGL (ft)	Initial Horizontal Dimension (ft)	Initial Vertical Dimension (ft)	Distance To Nearest Property Boundary (ft)					



Bureau of Air Quality Emission Point Information Page 3 of 4

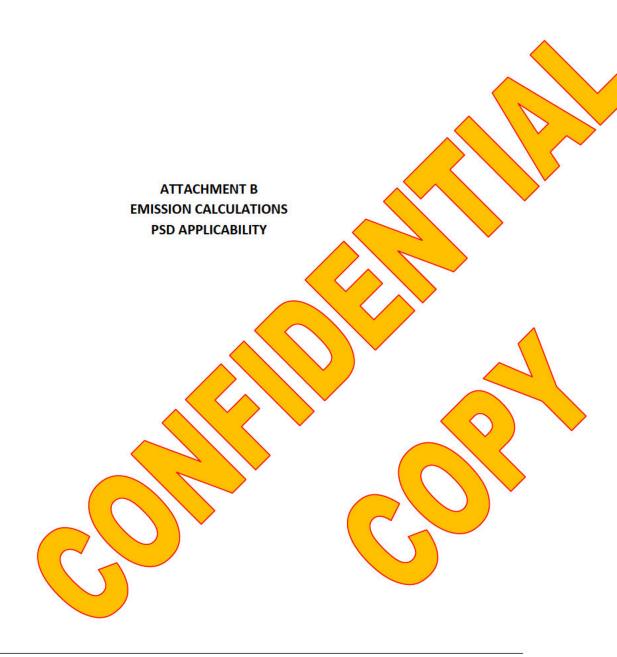
			<i>(</i> =			H. FLARE SOU								
						ne combustion	takes place at t	he tip of th	e staci	K.)	-1			
Emission		Fla	are Source Projection		es	Release He	ight Heat	Release Rate	4	Distance To Nearest			Building	
Point ID	Description/Name	UTM E	UTM N	Lat	Long	AGL (ft)		(BTU/hr)		Property Boundary (ft)		ght	Length	Width
· ·		(m)	(m)	(°N)	(°W)					(19)	(f	t)	(ft)	(ft)
						1	+				90 100			
(d) (3)		,									12 13			
						EA CIRCULAR	SOURCE DAT	ΓΑ						
Emission	Description/Name	Acceptance	ircular Sou Projection	ո:	inates		Release Heigh	t		Radius of Are	a		oistance To I Property Boo	
Point ID	bescription/ Name	UTM E (m)	UTM N (m)	Lat (°N)	Long (°W)		AGL (ft)			(ft)			(ft)	undury
58 92						1								
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La	<u>-</u>		1											
					J. <i>i</i>	AREA POLY S	OURCE DATA							
).		Area	Poly Sour		ates		2 2	8						
Emission Point ID	Description/Name	LITT	Projection M E		M N	⊢ R	elease Height AGL (ft)			Numbe	er of Vert	ices		
Tome 15	25 - 25 2	(n			n)		AGE (II)							
30														
ď.		3				+		2						
					K.	OPEN PIT SO	OURCE DATA							
		Open	Pit Source	Coordina				Northerly	, [
Emission Point ID	Description/Name	UTM		UTM	7,7	Release Height AGL (ft)	Easterly Length (ft)	Length (ft)		Volume (ft³)	Α	ngle F	rom North ((°)
		(m)	(m	1)			(10)						



Bureau of Air Quality Emission Point Information Page 4 of 4

	L. EMISSION RATES												
Emission Point ID	Pollutant Name	CAS #	Emission Rate (lb/hr)	Same as Permitted ⁽¹⁾	Controlled or Uncontrolled	Averaging Period							
2610S1	SO2		468 / 1,136*	Yes X No	uncontrolled	24-hour							
2610S1	NOX		47.9	Yes No	uncontrolled	24-hour							
2610S1	CO		8.2	Yes No	uncontrolled	24-hour							
4600	PM10		2.1	Yes No	uncontrolled	24-hour							
4600	PM2.5		1.8	Yes X No	uncontrolled	24-hour							
4100	PM10		8.8	☐ Yes ⊠ No	uncontrolled	24-hour							
4100	PM2.5		7.5	Yes X No	uncontrolled	24-hour							
2100	PM10		2.4	Yes X No	uncontrolled	24-hour							
2100	PM2.5		2.0	Yes No	uncontrolled	24-hour							
				Yes No									
				Yes No									

⁽¹⁾ Any difference between the rates used for permitting and the air compliance demonstration must be explained in the application report. The maximum facility-wide emissions are decreasing by 392 lb/hr for SO₂, 137 lb/hr for NO_x, 104 lb/hr for CO, 33 lb/hr for PM₁₀ and 23 lb/hr for PM_{2.5}. The projected maximum SO₂ emission rate for 2610S1 is 468 lb/hr, the emission rate using the BACT emission limit is 1,136 lb/hr.



		Prod	uction	VOC (a	as VOC)	C	X	1	NO _X
				factor	emissions	factor	emissions	factor	emissions
Emission Unit	Basis	amount	uinits	lb/ton	tpy	lb/ton	tpy	lb/ton	tpy
BASELINE ACTUAL EMISSIONS (BAE) -	JANUARY	2010 through	DECEMBER 201	1	A.				
Kraft Mill NCG System ^A	Modified		ADTP/day		68.89		20.48		202.11
Kraft Mill Bleach Plant ^B	Retired*		ADTP/day		72.22		238.07		
CIO2 Plant ^B	Retired		ton/day		0.32	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
No. 1 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Retired*		ADTP/day		22.43				,
No. 2 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Modified		ADTP/day		36.11				
No. 2 Paper Machine - Brown Paper ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day		0.00				
No. 3 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Modified		ADTP/day		53.63				
No. 3 Paper Machine - Linerboard ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day		0.00				
Pulp Dryer - Bleached ^{B,C}	Modified		ADTP/day		23.87				
Pulp Dryer - Unbleached ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day		0.00				6
No. 1 Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		0.45		6.82		8.12
No. 2 Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		0.73		11.17		13.29
No. 3 On-Machine Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		0.77		11.80		14.04
TMP ^B	Retired		ADTP/day		236.80	7 - Xx			
Woodyard ^B	affected		Tons/day		3.88				
Power Boiler - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		0.08		1.16		3.87
Power Boiler - No. 6 Oil ^E	Retired		gal/day		0.38		2.48		23,31
Wastewater System ^F	affected		ADTP/day		529.35	1 (1 1)			
TOTAL BASELINE EMISSIONS					1,049.9		292.0		264.7
PROJECTED ACTUAL EMISSIONS (PAE)								
Kraft Mill NCG System ^A	Modified		ADTP/day		65.83		35.85		209.90
Kraft Mill Bleach Plant ^B	Retired*		ADTP/day		0.00		0.00		
CIO2 Plant ^B	Retired		ton/day		0.00	25-25	. 2000		
No. 1 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Retired*		ADTP/day		0.00				
No. 2 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Modified		ADTP/day		0.00				6
No. 2 Paper Machine - Brown Paper ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day		82.41				
No. 3 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Modified		ADTP/day		0.00				
No. 3 Paper Machine - Linerboard ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day		344.94				
Pulp Dryer - Bleached ^{B,C}	Modified		ADTP/day		0.00				
Pulp Dryer - Unbleached ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day		93.34				
No. 1 Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		0.00		0.00		0.00
No. 2 Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		0.00		0,00	0.10	0.00
No. 3 On-Machine Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		0.00		0.00	0.10	0.00
TMP ^B	Retired		ADTP/day		0.00				
Woodyard ^B	affected		Tons/day		4.20				
Power Boiler - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		0.00		0.00		0.90
Power Boiler - No. 6 Oil ^E	Retired		gal/day		0.08		0.00		9.00
Wastewater System ^F	affected		ADTP/day/		448.40				
TOTAL PROJECTED EMISSIONS			9		1,039,1		35.8		209.9
NSR APPLICABILITY - BAE-to-PAE									
TOTAL BASEL NE EMISSIONS					1,049.9		292.0		264.7
TOTAL PROJECTED EMISSIONS					1,039.1		35.8		209.9
NET EMISSION INCREASE			2		(10.8)		(256.1)		(54.8)
NSR Threshold					40		100		40

A - see 'Catawba NCG Factors' tab for development of emission factors.

B - see Title V Permit Renewal Inventory.

C - see 'UPDATED Paper Mach PM Factor' tab for development of emission factors.
D - see Linerboard VOC_TRS Factors' tab for development of emission factors.
E - AP-42 emission factors based on 2012 average #6 fuel oil sulfur content of 1.90%. CY2012 is the earliest year available.
F - see 'WWTP Emission Factors' tab for development of emission factors.

		Prod	uction	S	O ₂	T	SP	Р	M ₁₀
				factor	emissions	factor	emissions	factor	emissions
Emission Unit	Basis	amount	uinits	lb/ton	tpy	lb/ton	tpy	lb/ton	tpy
BASELINE ACTUAL EMISSIONS (BAE) -	JANUARY	2010 through	DECEMBER 201	11					
Kraft Mill NCG System ^A	Modified		ADTP/day		1 910.12				
Kraft Mill Bleach Plant ^B	Retired*		ADTP/day						
CIO2 Plant ^B	Retired		ton/day						
No. 1 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Retired*		ADTP/day				7.01		7.01
No. 2 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Modified		ADTP/day				11.29		11.29
No. 2 Paper Machine - Brown Paper ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day				0.00		0.00
No. 3 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Modified		ADTP/day				16.76		16.76
No. 3 Paper Machine - Linerboard ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day				0.00		0.00
Pulp Dryer - Bleached ^{B,C}	Modified		ADTP/day				11.93		11.93
Pulp Dryer - Unbleached ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day				0.00		0.00
No. 1 Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		0.05		0.62		0.62
No. 2 Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		0.08		1.01		1.01
No. 3 On-Machine Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		0.08		1.07		1.07
TMP ⁸	Retired		ADTP/day						
Woodyard ^B	affected		Tons/day				97.01		14.55
Power Boiler - Natural Gas ^B	Retired	T	mmBtu/day		0.01		0.10		0.10
Power Boiler - No. 6 Oil ^E	Retired		gal/day		147.92		11.02		8.05
Wastewater System ^F	affected		ADTP/day					7.	
TOTAL BASELINE EMISSIONS					2,058.3		157.8		72.4
PROJECTED ACTUAL EMISSIONS (PAE				10		· ·			, de la companya de l
Kraft Mill NCG System ^A	Modified		ADTP/day		2,049.06				
Kraft Mill Bleach Plant ^B	Retired*		ADTP/day						
CIO2 Plant ⁸	Retired		ton/day						
No. 1 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Retired*		ADTP/day				0.00	Â	0.00
No. 2 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Modified		ADTP/day				0.00		0.00
No. 2 Paper Machine - Brown Paper ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day				9.16		9.16
No. 3 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Modified		ADTP/day			•	0.00		0.00
No. 3 Paper Machine - Linerboard ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day				38.33		38.33
Pulp Dryer - Bleached ^{B,C}	Modified		ADTP/day				0.00		0.00
Pulp Dryer - Unbleached ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day				10.37		10.37
No. 1 Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		0.00		0.00		0.00
No. 2 Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		0,00		0,00	_	0.00
No. 3 On-Machine Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		0.00		0.00		0.00
TMP ^B	Retired		ADTP/day					7 7	
Woodyard ^B	affected		Tons/day				Y05.00		15.75
Power Boiler - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		0.00		0.00		0.00
Power Boiler - No. 6 Oil ^E	Retired		gal/day		0.00		0.00		9.00
Wastewater System ^F	affected		ADTP/day/						
TOTAL PROJECTED EMISSIONS			200		2,049.1		162.9		73.6
NSR APPLICABILITY - BAE-to-PAE									
TOTAL BASEL NE EMISSIONS					2,058.3		157.8		72.4
TOTAL PROJECTED EMISSIONS					2,049.1		162.9		73.6
NET EMISSION INCREASE	•				(9.2)		5.0		1,2
NSR Threshold	-	*			40		25		15

A - see 'Catawba NCG Factors' tab for development of emission factors.

B - see Title V Permit Renewal Inventory.

C - see 'UPDATED Paper Mach PM Factor' tab for development of emission factors.
D - see Linerboard VOC_TRS Factors' tab for development of emission factors.
E - AP-42 emission factors based on 2012 average #6 fuel oil sulfur content of 1.90%. CY2012 is the earliest year available.
F - see WWTP Emission Factors' tab for development of emission factors.

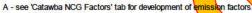
		Prod	uction	P	M _{2.5}	TI	RS	H	l₂S
				factor	emissions	factor	emissions	factor	emissions
Emission Unit	Basis	amount	uinits	lb/ton	tpy	lb/ton	tpy	lb/ton	tpy
BASELINE ACTUAL EMISSIONS (BAE) -	JANUARY	2010 through	DECEMBER 201	1					
Kraft Mill NCG System ^A	Modified		ADTP/day				17.55		3.89
Kraft Mill Bleach Plant ^B	Retired*		ADTP/day			_	1.18		
CIO2 Plant ⁸	Retired		ton/day						Ĭ
No. 1 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Retired*		ADTP/day	1.	6.31				
No. 2 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Modified		ADTP/day	1 .	10.16				
No. 2 Paper Machine - Brown Paper ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day	229	0.00		0.00		
No. 3 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Modified		ADTP/day		15.08				
No. 3 Paper Machine - Linerboard ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day	1	0.00	_	0.00		
Pulp Dryer - Bleached ^{B,C}	Modified		ADTP/day		10.74		1.18		
Pulp Dryer - Unbleached ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day	<u>1000</u>	0.00		0.00		
No. 1 Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day	<u></u>	0.62				
No. 2 Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		1.01				
No. 3 On-Machine Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day	-10	1.07				
TMP ^B	Retired		ADTP/day						6
Woodyard ^B	affected		Tons/day	1.	0.97				
Power Boiler - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		0.10				
Power Boiler - No. 6 Oil ^E	Retired		gal/day	2000 E	6.07			<u></u>	
Wastewater System ^F	affected		ADTP/day				129.52	<u>.</u>	5.91
TOTAL BASELINE EMISSIONS				140	52.1		149.4	Ī	9.8
PROJECTED ACTUAL EMISSIONS (PAE									K 69 SE
Kraft Mill NCG System ^A	Modified	-9. -50	ADTP/day				18.79		4.31
Kraft Mill Bleach Plant ⁸	Retired*	40. 200	ADTP/day				0.00		
CIO2 Plant ^B	Retired		ton/day						
No. 1 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Retired*	-	ADTP/day	100	0.00				
No. 2 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Modified	_00 000 _00 000	ADTP/day		0.00	HIS		50. 60°	
No. 2 Paper Machine - Brown Paper ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day		7.85		3.27		
No. 3 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Modified		ADTP/day		0.00				
No. 3 Paper Machine - Linerboard ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day		32.85		13.69		
Pulp Dryer - Bleached ^{B,C}	Modified	10 73	ADTP/day		0.00		0.00	(0	
Pulp Dryer - Unbleached ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day		8.89	4	3.70	1	
No. 1 Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired	_	mmBtu/day	-	0.00				
No. 2 Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired	100 E00 100 Std	mmBtu/day	5 65 2 75	0,00				
No. 3 On-Machine Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day	. let	0.00				
TMP ⁸	Retired		ADTP/day	1 1				Ī	
Woodyard ^B	affected		Tons/day	7	1.05				
Power Boiler - Natural Gas ^B	Retired	-5 27g	mmBtu/day		0.00			0	
Power Boiler - No. 6 Oil ^E	Retired		gal/day	7	0.08				
Wastewater System ^F	affected		ADTP/day/	Ī		N	118.26		5.42
TOTAL PROJECTED EMISSIONS			1		50.6	S - S	157.7		9.7
NSR APPLICABILITY - BAE-to-PAE			7/		900		will		0.1
TOTAL BASEL NE EMISSIONS					52.1		149.4		9.8
TOTAL PROJECTED EMISSIONS					50.6		157.7		9.7
NET EMISSION INCREASE	-				(1.5)		8.3		(0.1)
NSR Threshold				*	10		10		10

A - see 'Catawba NCG Factors' tab for development of emission factors.

B - see Title V Permit Renewal Inventory.

C - see 'UPDATED Paper Mach PM Factor' tab for development of emission factors.
D - see Linertoard VOC_TRS Factors' tab for development of emission factors.
E - AP-42 emission factors based on 2012 average #6 fuel oil sulfur content of 1.90%. CY2012 is the earliest year available.
F - see 'WWTP Emission Factors' tab for development of emission factors.

		Prod	uction	U	EAD	CC) ₂ e
			-6.	factor	emissions	factor	emissions
Emission Unit	Basis	amount	uinits	lb/ton	tpy	lb/ton	tpy
BASELINE ACTUAL EMISSIONS (BAE)	JANUARY	2010 through	DECEMBER 201	1			
Kraft Mill NCG System ^A	Modified		ADTP/day				
Kraft Mill Bleach Plant ^B	Retired*		ADTP/day				
CIO2 Plant ^B	Retired		ton/day				
No. 1 Paper Machine - Coated Paper B,C	Retired*	_	ADTP/day				
No. 2 Paper Machine - Coated Paper B,C	Modified		ADTP/day				
No. 2 Paper Machine - Brown Paper C.D	Modified		ADTP/day				
No. 3 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Modified		ADTP/day				
No. 3 Paper Machine - Linerboard ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day				
Pulp Dryer - Bleached ^{B,C}	Modified		ADTP/day				
Pulp Dryer - Unbleached ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day				
No. 1 Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		0.00	- <u></u>	9,514
No. 2 Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day]]	0.00		15,576
No. 3 On-Machine Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		0.00		16,453
TMP ⁸	Retired	D) 5	ADTP/day				
Woodyard ^B	affected		Tons/day				
Power Boiler - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		0.00		1 618
Power Boiler - No. 6 Oil ^E	Retired		gal/day		0.00	50 Eg	12,373
Wastewater System ^F	affected		ADTP/day				
TOTAL BASELINE EMISSIONS					0.00		55,535
PROJECTED ACTUAL EMISSIONS (PAGE)						
Kraft Mill NCG System ^A	Modified		ADTP/day				
Kraft Mill Bleach Plant ^B	Retired*		ADTP/day				
CIO2 Plant ^B	Retired		ton/day				
No. 1 Paper Machine - Coated Paper B,C	Retired*		ADTP/day				
No. 2 Paper Machine - Coated Paper B,C	Modified		ADTP/day				
No. 2 Paper Machine - Brown Paper ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day				
No. 3 Paper Machine - Coated Paper ^{B,C}	Modified		ADTP/day				
No. 3 Paper Machine - Linerboard ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day				-
Pulp Dryer - Bleached ^{B,C}	Modified		ADTP/day		ĵ		
Pulp Dryer - Unbleached ^{C,D}	Modified		ADTP/day				
No. 1 Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		0.00		0
No. 2 Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		0,00	75 SA	0
No. 3 On-Machine Coater - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day		0.00	579 500	0
TMP ^B	Retired		ADTP/day	1			
Woodyard ^B	affected		Tons/day	T			
Power Boiler - Natural Gas ^B	Retired		mmBtu/day	1964 200	0.00	40 50 40 40	0
Power Boiler - No. 6 Oil ^E	Retired		gal/day	7	0.00		0
Wastewater System ^F	affected	[[ADTP/day/			أبيط	
TOTAL PROJECTED EMISSIONS			320.00		0.00		0
NSR APPLICABILITY - BAE-to-PAE							
TOTAL BASEL NE EMISSIONS					0.00		55,535
TOTAL PROJECTED EMISSIONS					0.00		0 /
NET EMISSION INCREASE	74				(0.0)		(55,535)
NSR Threshold	75				0.6		75,000



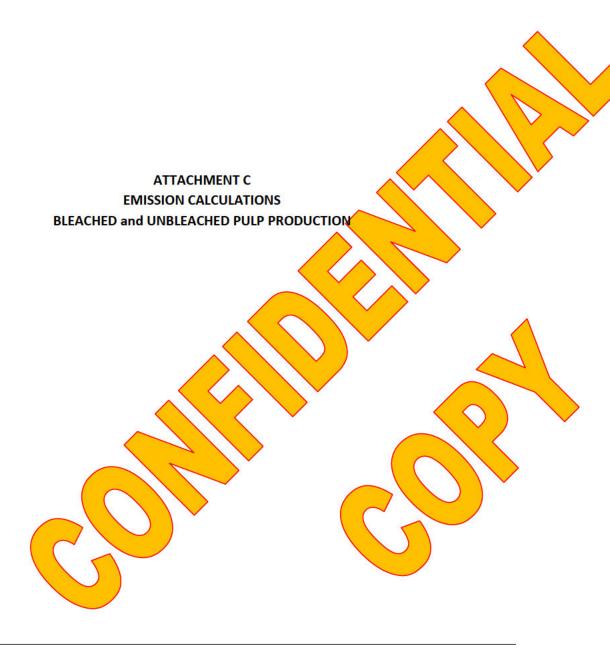
B - see Title V Permit Renewal Inventory.

C - see 'Uner Y Ferritin' renewal inventory.

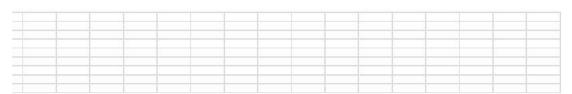
C - see 'Uner Y Ferritin' renewal inventory.

C - see 'Uner Y Ferritin' renewal inventory.

D - see 'Uner Y Ferrit



New-Indy Catawba LLC Catawba, South Carolina Project Columbia





February 20, 2019

TO: Bob Tourville, New Indy Containerboard

FROM: Zach Emerson, NCASI

SUBJECT: Methanol and TRS Content of LVHCs at Bleached and Unbleached Chemical Pulp Mills

At your request, NCASI staff evaluated the underlying emissions data in the NCASI Pulp and Paper Air Toxics Database (2018 release version). The goal was to determine if the factors for methanol and total reduced sulfur (TRS) in Kraft Mill low volume high concentration gases (LVHCs, i.e. digester + evaporator noncondensible gases (NCGs)) differed significantly between bleached and unbleached pulp mills.

Background

Methanol and TRS are Ignin degradation compounds generated in the digester during Kraft pulping. The extent of formation varies and depends upon several process factors, including cooking time, chemical use and temperature. It is expected that a black liquor and pulp mixture cooked to a higher Kappa number (i.e., more residual lignin and cooked less aggressively) viill contain lower amounts of methanol and TRS compounds. As bleaching-grade pulps are typically cooked to a lower Kappa number, the resulting digester gases, black liquor and pulp would be expected to have higher amounts of methanol and TRS compounds than for unbleached pulp manufacturing.

Given TRS and methanol masses in LVHCs are attributable to their presence in digester off-gases and in weak liquor, it is reasonable to expect that the LVHC content of these chemicals would be higher at bleached pulp mills than at unbleached pulp mills. Below are the results of an analysis of NCASI information that examines this hypothesis.

Analysis

The Master Summary Table of the NCASI Air Toxics Database (2015 release version) presents various NCG loading factors for methanol and for TRS; however, it combines the LVHC measurements at bleached and unbleached mills into a single dataset to calculate an average. Individual test event data are available in the Detailed Sheets of the database. This database compiles emissions information for many compounds at many process units and is made available to NCASI members on the NCASI Website. Information from the following file was used in this analysis:

. Table A6a and A6b - Kraft Pulp Mill NCGs (September 2018).xls

The underlying reports for each facility were reviewed to determine if the facility manufactured bleached or unbleached pulp. The data was then segregated into the following four sets:

- · LVHCs at Bleached Pulp Mills Methanol
- · LVHCs at Unbleached Pulp Mills Methanol
- LVHCs at Bleached Pulp Mills TRS
- · LVHCs at Unbleached Pulp Mills TRS

Note there were five LVHC data points for which there is no hydrogen sulfide data; these facilities were excluded from the analysis, as TRS could not be estimated. There was one TRS outlier measurement for both unbleached and bleached LVHCs, as well.

Table 1 presents calculated methanol factors for LVHCs at bleached and unbleached facilities. A total of 14 LVHCs at bleached mills and 5 LVHCs at unbleached mills are included.

Table 1: Comparison of Methanol LVHC Factors at Bleached and Unbleached Facilities

Methanol	Mass Loed Factor (Ib of Methanol/ADTUBP)				
	At Bleached Facilities	At Unblesched Facilities			
Mean	0.68	0.05			
Median	0.19	0.06			
Standard Deviation	1.1	0.04			
Count	14	5			
Range	<0.01 to 3.5	<0.01 to 0.11			

The mean and median methanol emission factors for LVHCs at bleached and unbleached facilities are quite different, with the mean bleached methanol factor being higher than the mean unbleached factor.

Table 2 presents calculated TRS factors for LVHCs at bleached and unbleached facilities. A total of 7 LVHCs at bleached mills and 4 LVHCs at unbleached mills are included.

Table 2: Comparison of TRS LVHC Factors at Bleached and Unbleached Facilities

Total Reduced Sulfur	Mass Load Factor (Ib of S/ADTUBP)							
	At Bleached Facilities	At Unbleached Facilities						
Mean	1.2	0.91						
Median	1.0	0.84						
Standard Deviation	1.1	0.68						
Count	7	4						
Range	0.09 to 3.3	0.28 to 1.7						

The mean and median TRS factors for bleached and unbleached LVHCs are also different, with the mean bleached LVHC TRS mass load factor being higher than the mean unbleached LVHC factor.

The results of this analysis support the hypothesis that the mass loads of methanol and TRS in low volume high concentration gases are lower at unbleached pulp mills than at bleached pulp mills. NCASI will evaluate making this change in the NCASI Air Toxics Database.

If you have any questions concerning this analysis, please feel free to contact me.

MATIONAL COUNCIL FOR AIR AND STREAM IMPROVEMENT, INC.
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 7casi.org

June 2019 CONFIDENTIAL COPY

New-Indy Catawba LLC Catawba, South Carolina Project Columbia

NCASI Condensate and WV
Bleached Condensates
Unbleached Condensates
Bleach Plant Effluent
Total Bleached Mill WW
Unbleached Mill WW

Issued 2018 (Last Updated March 2015) Methanol p. 5

TABLE 2 NON-KRAFT WWTP INFLUENT CONCENTRATIONS FOR METHANOL

TYPE OF PULPING	REF.	NO. OF MILLS SAMPLED	METHANOL			
	()		RANGE	AVERAGE		
Bleached Sulfite	NCASI 1994a	2	15 to 79	47.4		
Semi-Chemical	NCASI 1994a	1		27.1		
Deinked Tissue	NCASI*	1		2.7		
Deinked Newsprint	NCASI*	1		7.8		
Wastepaper, Board	NCASI*	1		1.0		
Wastepaper, Corrugated	NCASI*	1	0.8 to 2.1	1.5		
Groundwood, Newsprint	NCASI*	1		0.7		

^{*}NCASI WWTP Sampling Database - Unpublished

TABLE 3 METHANOL CONTENT OF KRAFT MILL CONDENSATES AND BLEACH PLANT EFFLUENTS (SOFTWOOD AND HARDWOOD)

	NO. OF MILLS	METHA	METHANOL, Ib/ADTUBP				
	SAMPLED	RANGE	MEAN	MEDIAN			
Unbleached Kraft Mill Condensates ¹	3	11.3 to 16.2	13.4	12.7			
Bleached Kraft Mill Condensates ¹ (including mills with O ₂ delignification)	15	16.5 to 27.0	21.1	21.4			
Bleach Plant Effluents ²	lab study	4.0 to 6.5	5.0	4.9			

¹ includes all pulp mill and evaporator area condensates (NCASI 1995)

3.3 Otherwise use the toxic chemical

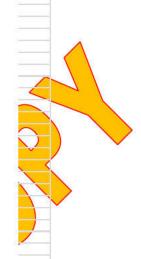
This would be the sum of all the methanol used at the manufacturing site. A 10,000 lb/yr reporting threshold applies for this category. Ancillary or other uses of methanol could include methanol used in printing inks, solvents, antifreeze, and methanol-based ClO₂ generation processes.

SECTION 4. MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF THE TOXIC CHEMICAL ON-SITE AT ANY TIME DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR

4.1 (Enter two-digit code from instruction package.)

At any given time, methanol may be present at the mill-site in various stored liquid streams which include purchased mixtures containing methanol, black liquors stored in tanks, and pulp storage vats. Methanol may also be present in trace quantities in wastewater treatment plants. For a kraft mill, in the absence of mill-specific information, the estimates given in <u>Table 4</u> for methanol concentration in liquids may be used. The wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) influent methanol concentrations at several non-kraft pulp and paper producing facilities were summarized in <u>Table 2</u>. The WWTP

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² includes methanol that entered the bleach plant with pulp or the ClO₂ liquor and methanol generated during bleaching (NCASI 1994b)

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NCASI WWTP I	H2S Concentration						
Bleached							
Bleached Unbleached							
		1		+			

Issued 2018 (Last Updated March 2016) Hydrogen Sulfide p. 4

TABLE 2 KRAFT WWTP INFLUENT CONCENTRATIONS OF HYDROGEN SULFIDE (NCASI WWTP Sampling Database - Unpublished)

TYPE OF BUT DING	NO OF AUTHOR AND IN	CONCENTRATION, ppb		
TYPE OF PULPING	NO. OF MILLS SAMPLED	Range	Average	
Bleached Kraft	12	71 - 15,700	4520	
Unbleached Kraft	7	617 - 4306	2402	
Sulfite + Recycle	2	238 - 1287	763	
TMP + Recycle	2	5039 - 5320	5180	
Hard-piped Condensates	8	12,100 - 102,825	69,000	

Sample Calculation for Threshold Determination:

A kraft mill produces 1100 ADTUBP/day. At this mill, brown stock washer vent gases are collected and treated in an incineration device. The pulping process generates 3300 lb BLS/ADTUBP which is fired in DCE furnaces and 0.275 ton CaO is regenerated in the lime kiln per ADTUBP. The mill operates a 500 x 10⁶ Btu/hr wood-fired boiler and a 50 tpd tall oil plant. The final product is 1000 tons of bleached paper per day. The mill operates all 365 days/yr and discharges 20 x 10⁶ gpd from the pulp mill.

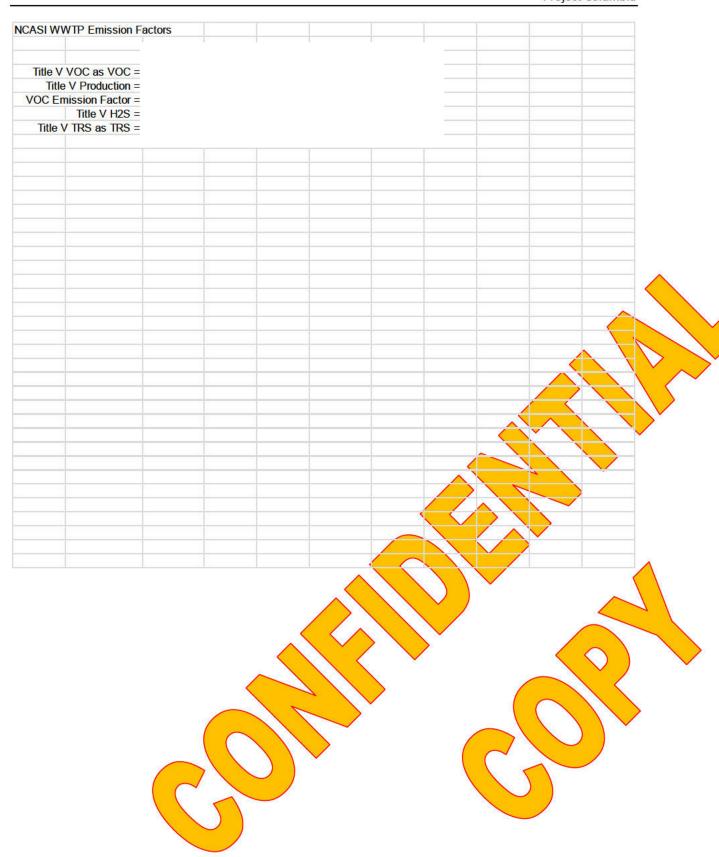
Consider two cases of condensate collection and handling. In Case 1, the mill operates a steam stripper. In Case 2, the mill "hard-pipes" a 1 MGD of its condensates to the AST system. Assume this mill does not have its own condensate hydrogen sulfide data and uses the mean value of 69.0 mg/L of hydrogen sulfide shown in Table 3 as being present in all condensates at the mill. For Case 1, the mill with a steam stripper, the condensate hydrogen sulfide is divided between the amount in the stripper off-gases and the amount sewered to the WWTP. For Cases 2 and 3, all of the condensate will be sewered to the WWTP.

<u>Table 4</u> shows the amounts of hydrogen sulfide emitted from several major operations at this example mill as estimated using factors given in <u>Table 1</u>. <u>Table 3</u> also shows the amount of hydrogen sulfide manufactured and present in (1) in uncontrolled NCGs and (2) in WWTP untreated effluents. For this example mill, based on the total amount of hydrogen sulfide manufactured and either emitted, present in strong liquor or released to the WWTP, a SARA 313 report does have to be filed as the amount exceeds 25,000 lb/yr.

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CASI Condensate Nitrogen Concentrati	on - NCASI TB 802	- Souhem Kraft	Mill Condens	sates - mix	ked Pine/Ha	ardwood	
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	1 1						
KN = total kjeldahl nitrogen							
H3 = ammonia				1		\\	
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			N				



NCASI TRS Generation Blea	ched .vs.Unbleache	d Kraft Pulping	- NCASI TB80	4, Table 3.1.			
					_	27	
Species	_						
Total Percent Yield							
Kappa							
MM	1b/ODTP						
DMS	Ib/ODTF						
DMDS	1b/ODTP						
Percent Black Liquor Solids							
	1	1	1		_		
		1				2	1
TB 804 - Laboratory batch di	gester.						

Technical Bulletin No. 804

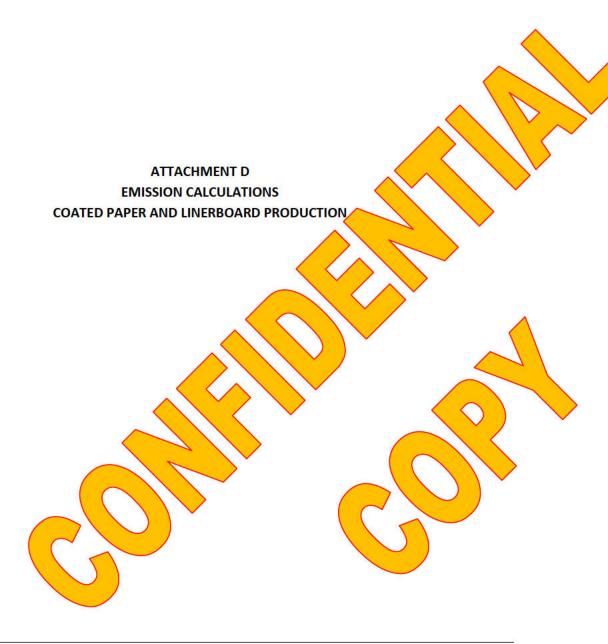
Table 3.1. Kraft Pulping Results

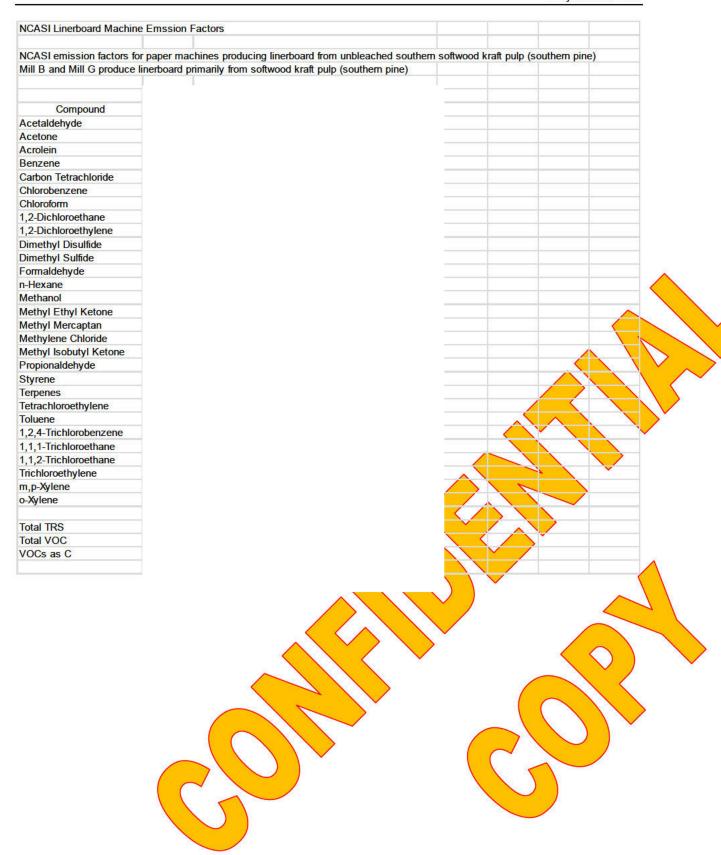
	Linerh	ooard	Bleac	hable	
Species	Dougl	as fir	Dougl	as fir	
W.L. Active Alkali	16.8	3%	18.7	7%	
W.L. Sulfidity	30	%	30%		
H Factor	400	O^a	1850 ^b		
Total Yield	56.6%		47.3%		
Rejects	6.4	%	1.2%		
Kappa	96	5	2:	8	
Black Liquor					
Residual AA	2.9 8	g/L	3.1	g/L	
Na ₂ S (HS ⁻)	0.136 mol/L ^c	10.6 lb/ODTP	0.153 mol/L ^c	11.9 lb/ODTP	
MM	0.0018 mol/L	0.69 Ib/ODTP	0.0069 mol/L	2.65 Ib/ODTF	
DMS	0.00065 mol/L	0.32 Ib/ODTP	0.0023 mol/L	1.15 lb/ODTF	
DMDS	0.000066 mol/L	0.05 Ib/ODTP	0.00023 mol/L	0.17 lb/ODTE	
$Na_2S_2O_3$	0.0015 mol/L	0.24 Ib/ODTP	0.0017 mol/L	0.27 Ib/ODTE	
Na ₂ SO ₄	0.0007 mol/L	0.1 Ib/ODTP	0.0009 mol/L	0.13 lb/ODTF	
Black Liquor Solids	12.7	1%	15.1	1%	
Black Liquor Heating Value	6630 E	Btu/lb	6650 I	3tu/lb	

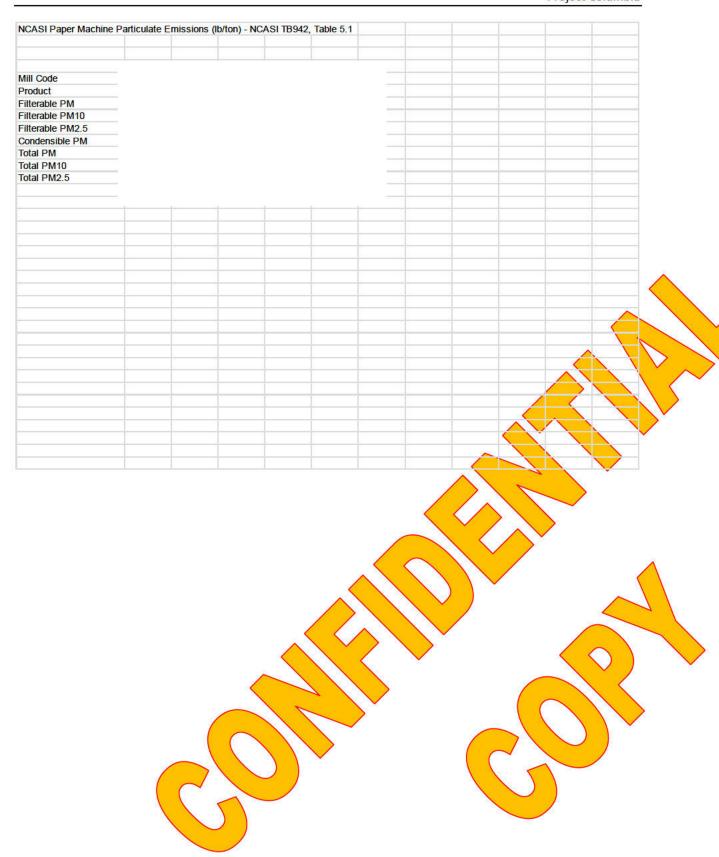


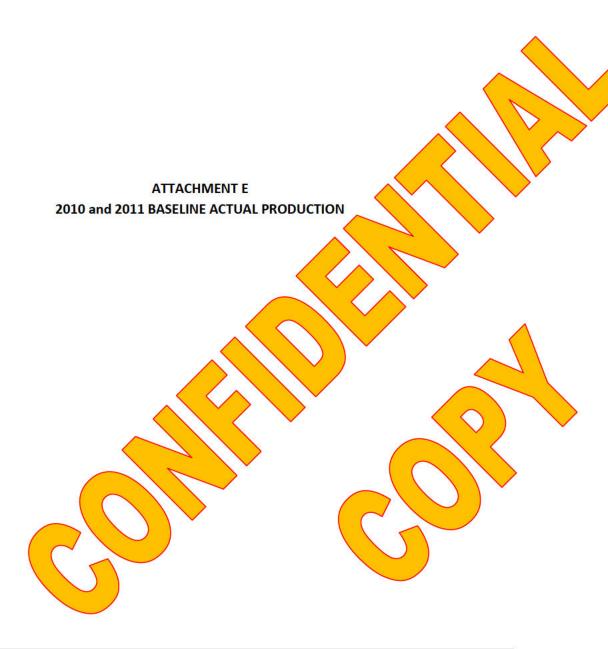
^b One hour heatup, 108 min. at 170°C.

^e Values shown in table were determined by titrimetric method. Corresponding values measured by headspace sampling and gas chromatography were 0.147 and 0.163 mol/L for linerboard and bleachable grades, respectively.









New-Indy Catawba LLC Catawba, South Carolina Project Columbia

,
FUEL BURNING INSTALLATION,
INCINERATOR, OR
PROCESS EMISSION SOURCE Combination Boiler 1
Natural Gas
No. 6 Fuel Oil
Bark
Tire-Derived Fuel (TDF)
Combination Boiler 2
Natural Gas
No. 6 Fuel Oil
Bark
Tire-Derived Fuel (TDF)
Power Boiler
Natural Gas
No. 6 Fuel Oil
Evaporators and Steam Stripper
Evaporators and Steam Stripper
Recovery Furnace No. 2
No. 6 Fuel Oil
Black Liquor Solids (BLS)
Recovery Furnace 3
Natural Gas
No. 8 Fuel Oil
Black Liquor Solids (BLS)
25 225
Paper Mill - Paper Machine 1/Coater
Coated Paper
Natural Gas
Propane
Kerosene
Paper Mill - Paper Machine 2/Coater
Coated Paper
Natural Gas
Propane
Kerosene
December 11 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12
Paper Mill - Paper Machine 3/Coater Coated Paper
Natural Gas
Propane
Kerosene
Paper Mill - Pulp Dryer
Pulp
2
Air Make-Up Units
Natural Gas
Propane Kerosene
D1 100000000000000000000000000000000000
Thermo Mechanical Pulping System
Pulp Total
TMP Bleaching System
TMP Bleaching System Pulp Total
Chlorine Dioxide Plant
CIO ₂
Di
Bleach Plant Bleached Pulp
Dieacred Lup
Kraft Pulp Mill
Fiberline
3
Smelt Tank 2
Smelt Tank 3
Smelt Tank 3 Precipitator Mix Tanks
Precipitator Mix Tanks Causticizing Area
Precipitator Mix Tanks
Precipitator Mix Tanks Causticizing Area Lime Kiln 2
Precipitator Mix Tanks Causticizing Area
Precipitator Mix Tanks Causticizing Area Lime Kiln 2

	and the second of the second of the second
	FUEL BURNING INSTALLATION, INC NERATOR, OR
	PROCESS EMISSION SOURCE
Cor	mbination Boiler 1 Natural Gas
	No. 6 Fuel Oil
	Bark Tire-Derived Fuel (TDF)
Car	mbination Boiler 2
Cor	Natural Gas
1	No. 6 Fuel Oil
	Bark Tire-Derived Fuel (TDF)
Dou	wer Boiler
	Natural Gas
	No. 6 Fuel Oil
Eva	porators and Steam Stripper
Rec	covery Furnace No. 2
	No. 6 Fuel Oil
	Black Liquor Solids (BLS)
Rec	covery Furnace 3
	Natural Gas No. 6 Fuel Oil
	Black Liquor So ids (BLS)
	per Mill
4	Paper Mill - Paper Machine 1/Coates Coated Paper
	Natural Gas
	Propane Kerosene
	31343324333333
	Paper Mill - Paper Machine 2/Coates Coated Paper
3	Natural Gas Propane
	Kerosene
	Paper Mill - Paper Machine 3/Coate
	Coated Paper
	Natural Gas Propane
	Kerosene
	Paper Mill - Pulp Dryer
-	Pulp
	Air Make-Up Units
	Natural Gas Propane
	Kerosene
The	ermo Mechanical Pulping System
	Pulp Total
	Bleaching System
Z Mi	
ZÎMI	Pulp Total
	Pula Total orine Bjoxide Plant
ehi	Pulp Total oring Dioxide Plant SiO2
ehi	Pulp Total oring Bioxide Plant C(O2 ach Plant
ghi Ble	Pulp Total oring Bjoxide Plant GIO2 ach Plant Bleached Pulp
ghi Ble	Pulp, Total oring Bjoxide Plant SiQ2 ach Plant Bleached Pulp ft Pulp Mill
ghi Ble	Pulp Total oring Bjoxide Plant GIO2 ach Plant Bleached Pulp
Chi Ble	Pulp Total orine Bjoxide Plant SJO2 ach Plant Bleached Pulp ff Pulp Mill Fiberline
Chi Ble Kra	Pulp Jotal orine Bjoxide Plant GIO2 ach Plant Bleached Pulp fit Pulp Mill Fiberline
Chi Ble Kra	Pulp Total orine Bjoxide Plant SJO2 ach Plant Bleached Pulp ff Pulp Mill Fiberline
Sm.	Pulp Jotal orine Bjoxide Plant GIO2 ach Plant Bleached Pulp fit Pulp Mill Fiberline
Sm.	Pulp Total orine Dioxide Plant ©IO2 ach Plant Bleached Pulp fit Pulp Mill Fiberline ett Tank 3
Sm.	Pulp Jotal orine Bioxide Plant GiO2 ach Plant Bleached Pulp fit Pulp Mill Fiberline elt Tank 3 cipitator Mix Tanks
Sm. Sm.	Pulp Total orine Dioxide Plant GIO2 ach Plant Bleached Pulp fit Pulp Mill Fiberline ett Tank 3 cipitator Mix Tanks
Sm. Sm.	Pulp Jotal orine Bioxide Plant GiO2 ach Plant Bleached Pulp fit Pulp Mill Fiberline elt Tank 3 cipitator Mix Tanks
Sm Sm Cau	Pulp Total orine Dioxide Plant GIO2 ach Plant Bleached Pulp fit Pulp Mill Fiberline ett Tank 3 cipitator Mix Tanks
Sm Sm Sm Lim	Pulp Jotal orine Bjoxide Plant GiO2 ach Plant Bleached Pulp fit Pulp Mill Fiberline ett Tank 3 cipitator Mix Tanks





Waste Treatment Pumps